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WELLSBORO, Dec. 21, 1874. 6

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And every article usually found in a first class Hardware establishment.

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of every description constantly on hand and made to order.

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The undersigned has opened in his new building on

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a new Furniture Warehouse, where he will keep a full stock of

PARLOR AND CHAMBER FURNITURE,

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Of All Kinds,

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Patronage solicited.

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The undersigned having purchased of Wm. Ogilvie the good will and fixtures of his meat market would respectfully announce to the citizens of Smethport that they are prepared to furnish

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SELECT POETRY.

Not Yet.

Not yet, O friend, not yet
The patient stars
Lean from their lattices content to wait.
All is illusion till the morning bars
Slip from the levee of the Eastern gate.
Night is too young, O friend, day is too near,
Wait for the day that maketh all things clear.

Not yet, O friend, not yet.
All is not true;
All is not ever as seemeth now;
Soon shall you light upon the mountain brow,
What lieth dark, O love, bright day will fill.
Wait for the morning, be it good or ill.
Not yet, O love, not yet.

—*Bret Harte.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

Two Strings to Her Bow.

The delicate fragrance of hot house flowers floated through the half lighted parlors like reminiscences of the "sweet south, breathing upon a bank of violets," although the matter of fact almanac stoutly persisted in pointing out December as the month, and the thermometer without stood uncomfortably near zero. But the vases on either side of the fire fire place were filled with roses and heliotropes, fresh from the tropic warmth of conservatories, and a single dazzling japonica gleamed like carved pearl among the jetty folds of Ella Wardlaw's hair as she stood smiling, listening to the regretful farewells of him whom the world called her lover.

"Good bye Ella; I shall come again very soon."

Miss Wardlaw's heart throbbed high. Charles Forrest had never before called her "Ella;" and she felt triumphantly conscious that her proud beauty had very nearly brought him to the "proposing point." One or two more such vigorous sieges, and the fortress would be her own.

She sank, yawning on a sofa as the front door closed behind her lover, and clasped her white hands carelessly over her head, the crimson lips apart, and the veined lids drooping over eyes that were full of smothered fire—the very impersonation of a lovely siren, whose vocation it was to conquer hearts by the score, and carry them about with her as trophies of her coquette lures!

"Mrs. Charles Forrest," she repeated to herself—"that doesn't sound so very badly, does it? particularly as the aforesaid Mrs. Charles Forrest will step into a mansion, a carriage and a perfect carcanet of family diamonds! Yes, I believe he is safely entrapped, and if I play my cards as well as I can do, the matter will be settled within three days! Heighho! this husband hunting is a wearisome business, after all, and rather hazardous, unless one is very skillful. That reminds me," she added, starting suddenly up, and throwing off her soft languor as one might lay aside a useless garment, "I must write to Ralph Thornby to-night. If the love-stricken wretch should fulfill his late intimation of coming to see me, it might possibly be awkward. Poor, dear Ralph!" continued the beauty, with curling lip, as she opened her dainty writing desk, and selected a sheet of rose-colored paper, redolent of some faint Parisian perfume—"what a gallant he was! I really liked the handsome boy; but Charles Forrest is rich, and that must decide matters, for such an extravagant little body as I am can't live without money. I am sorry, though, that I wrote Ralph that very sentimental letter, but that was when I supposed he was the best investment I could make of my precious self. But I'll sprinkle cold water on the flame of his love before the affair becomes any more serious. I wonder," pursued Ella, biting the end of her pen, thoughtfully, "whether I must leave off flirting when I'm married to Charles! I do like this driving three or four lovers in hand, I confess; it's splendid fun!—Eleven o'clock! Can it be possible it is so late? I must make haste and finish this tiresome letter, and then to bed, to dream of diamonds and carriages!"

It was nearly twelve, however, and the fire had burnt very low, before Ella had finished the carefully-worded note, and sealed it with a fairy-like device of entangled initials in pink wax. For Ella was exquisitely fastidious and elaborate in all her doings, even down to her flirtations.

The beautiful coquette, with her drooping eyelids, and voice attuned to the sweetest and softest key—one would not have thought, as she placed that letter on the marble mantel, that she knew its contents were to break the heart of a noble and true-souled man! But, patience, Ella Wardlaw—your day of retribution will arrive yet!

When charles Forrest descended the steps of the Wardlaw dwelling, and on down the lighted street, he felt dizzy and happy, like the voyager who steers his bark away from the soft, bewildering fragrance of lotos-blossomed isles in the far east. The siren's spell was on him—and yet some warning and watchful pulse, down deep in his heart, kept beating the old, incomprehensible tune, "Beware, beware!"

Onward he passed through the noisy tumult of Broadway, until he paused where the brilliant lights from a great hotel threw a line of radiance out to the very middle of the street.

"Forrest! my dear fellow! can it be possible that this is you?" suddenly exclaimed a voice.

"Myself, and no other, Thornby, for I conclude it is either you or your ghost. But I thought you were safely settled in college; studying divinity, instead of—"

"Instead of running wild about the country, you were going to say. But I have granted myself a temporary holiday to—. Pshaw, I cant tell you about it here; come up to my room, and we'll have a chat."

The delightful little impromptu supper was over, and the two gentlemen were smoking cigars, when Thornby abruptly plunged into the subject which was uppermost in his mind.

"Charley, I'm in love!"

"You are?" My dear fellow, so am I!"

"I am glad of that, because you can sympathize with me. I have come here expressly to see her, and have the day fixed for the wedding."

"I haven't got quite so far as that" [illegible]

"But, Charley, she is the loveliest creature that the sun ever shone on—an angel—a divinity—"

"Hold on, Ralph—not quite the loveliest I trust, for the lady whom I worship is alone entitled to that superlative degree of praise!"

"You're in love, too, my dear boy, so I'll excuse any little symptoms of insanity" rejoined Thornby, laughing: "but, really, if you could see Ella—stay! I believe I've got her picture somewhere about me."

He searched eagerly in his pockets, while Forrest repeated the soft name.

"Ella? Why, that is the name of the young lady whom I admire so much; and by Jove!" he added, as Thornby unclasped a little velvet miniature case, and held it toward him, "that is the very face!—You don't mean to say you are engaged to her?"

"To be sure I am! What do you mean? Surely there is some mistake?—I can show you her last letter."

He drew out the selfsame "very sentimental" epistle to which Miss Wardlaw had referred in her muttered soliloquy. Forrest glanced over it with bewildering eyes, and then biting his white lip until the blood started, took from his own pocket book a prettily-worded note from Ella, which he had received that morning.

"The handwriting is precisely similar, Ralph, we are both the dupes of an artful, unprincipled girl. This same Ella Wardlaw, while she is corresponding with you in this impassioned strain, is doing her best to lure me on to a proposal!"

"It cannot be," gasped Ralph, feeling as if he were in a dream.

"But I know it is so! Heavens! what a narrow escape I have had! And you also, Thornby, should rejoice at your escape from the wiles of a falsehearted coquette."

Still Ralp Thornby repeated, between his teeth, "I will not believe it. Ella is truth itself!"

"Shall we put it to the test?" asked Forrest, rather indignantly.

"Do what you please. I will stake my life on her single-mindedness."

Forrest took up a pen and dashed off a hurried proposal in form.

"There! I will send this to-morrow morning, with a request for an immediate answer. When that answer comes, will you believe its testimony?"

Thornby nodded, but the hand which lay upon Charles Forrest's was cold and damp as marble.

"Good night, then, my dear fellow," said Forrest, as he rose to take leave. "I am sorry for you from the very bottom of my heart; for you feel this more deeply than I can do."

But Thornby did not answer. Could it be possible that his worshipped idol was slipping slowly but surely from her high pedestal? Then what remained on earth to trust?

Head and heart both ached sadly that night, but the weariness of travel was nothing to the sick sensation of distrust and apprehension that had taken possession of his mind. Therefore, it happened that he was still lounging over his almost untasted breakfast, when Charles Forrest was announced by a waiter.

"Well?" was his greeting.

Forrest replied: "I dispatched my missived, and here is the answer. See, the seal is yet unbroken—we will peruse it together."

It was a skillfully written note of glad acceptance. Ella wrote that "she had long loved Mr. Forrest—that her greatest happiness through life would be to secure his contentment"—with a variety of charming little addenda, such as yesterday, would have filled Charles Forrest's heart with rapture. Now, they were false, idle rhapsodies!

"Are you convinced?" was Forrest's simple question, as the letter dropped from his companion's hand.

"I am. It has been a pleasant dream, but I am effectually roused at last, Charley, I have been a fool—a dupe!"

"And so have I, Ralph. Just give me that enthusiastic love letter you showed me last night?"

"What for?"

Charley made no reply, but he took the letter from Thornby's unresisting hand, and folding it with the note of acceptance he had just received, wrote one line on the margin—"The compliments of Messrs Thornby and Forrest"—and inclosed both in one envelope, directed to Miss Wardlaw.

"There," he said quietly. "When she receives this, she will see that her carefully arranged plans are disconcerted."

Ella Wardlaw was practicing a difficult Italian sonnata as the eventful note was handed her. She tore it hurriedly open, and gazed wide open, bewildered eyes upon the inclosures. The next instant they fell from her nerveless fingers—she had fainted for the first and last time in her life.

Years have passed since then. Ralph Thornby is married to a lovely young heiress; Charles Forrest has a blooming wife and two rosy little girls; but Ella Wardlaw is a hopless old maid, with not the faintest chance of a husband. She says she never intended to marry—but we have heard old maids say that before!

Wonderful Twins.

A pair of twins is now on exhibition at the Acquarium and is attracting much attention from physicians and others.—The two children are girls, and were born Dec. 26, 1877, at San Benoit, a town about forty miles north of Montreal, Canada. From their heads to the first lumbar vertebræ, the children are possessed of perfectly formed and entirely distinct members, but below that point the bodies become one. There is not the slightest deformity about any of their organs. They have two pair of internal organs and four limbs, but only one abdomen and two legs. Piercing one leg with a pin will produce signs of pain in the face of one child, while the other will be perfectly free from any sensation. They do not act in unison. While one laughs and plays, the other sleeps or cries from hunger. Sometimes they both sleep together, and when both are awake they have the greatest desire to play with each other's hands. The features are very regular, and the face of one child is very pretty for a baby only 7 or 8 months old. The limbs are as large as those of an ordinary child. Where the two bodies grow into one the bulk is not increased, but gradually diminishes into the usual size. They were exhibited to a number of physicians on Saturday, who pronounced the pair to be one of the greatest freaks of nature they had ever seen. They thought the two bodies were merged into one most naturally, and believed the children would live to the average. The children have been named Rose and Marie.

The parents are Simn and Annie Drouin, they were born in Marseilles, France. Their grand-parents are still living there. A few years ago Mr. and Mrs. Drouin emigrated to San Benoit, and engaged in farming. They are both 28 years old, the husband being four days older than his wife. They have only one other child, a girl who is two years old, and who enjoys the best of health and suffers from no deformity. The father is tall and stout. He weighs 180 pounds, is 6 feet high, and has the appearance of a farmer. The mother is short and stout and weighs about 30 pounds less than her husband. Both parents are of dark complexion. They speaks no English. One child looks very much like its mother, while the other bears a striking resemblance to the father. A very neat cradle and canopy covered with blue silk have been constructed at the Aquarium for the twins. Several elaborate silk dresses have also been prepared for them. Two rooms have been fitted up in the Aquarium for the residence of the parents.

Sardines.

The sardine fisheries have supported many families for generations. The chief supply originally came from off Sardinia, whence they take their name, but for a long time they were mainly caught on the coast of Brittany. Sardines are usually abundant in French waters in this season, and the catch will be larger than in any previous year. A sardine fleet consists of vessels from eight to ten tons each, with a crew of from six to twelve persons, and goes six to twelve miles from land. The bait consisting of eggs and fish, cut up, is scattered on the water. The sardines are taken with gill nets. A few are salted on board, but the bulk are carried on shore. Their heads are cut off, and they are well washed and sprinkled with salt. After drying, they are arranged in racks, in almost perpendicular rows, and immersed again again in the best boiling olive oil. When sufficiently cured they are packed in the small tin boxes by women and children, after which men fill the boxes with fresh oil and solder them tight. The work is not complete, however, for before fit for the table the fish require cooking. To this end they are placed in a covered kettle and boiled from half an hour to an hour, according to their size. After drying, labelling, and placing in wooden cases they are ready for shipment. The American sardine, or menheden, is taken in large quantities on the coast of New Jersey and put up in oil.

No Room There.

A belated and rather poverty-stricken foot-traveler whose railway ticket was good on all country roads and cattle paths, stopped at a small mansion of apparently four rooms and a kitchen, in the South Hill suburbs, the other evening to beg a night's lodging. As he stood timidly knocking at the half open door, he heard the shrill commanding tones of the lady of the house disposing the garrison for the night: "Tommy, go hunt up Charley and Ben and tell them to go to the grocery and tell your father to bring Ella and Willie right home; it's their bed time, and if they see Louise on their way send her to Miss Crozier's for Alice and Jim, and see if they know where Ezra is; you take this lamp up to Grandma's room and ask her if she won't take care of baby while I go and find Dick, and while I am gone you undress Mabel and put her to bed, and if cousin Harry comes while I am gone tell him he's to sleep with you." And the traveler sighed and turned away so oppressed with a feeling of overcrowdededness that he walked out in the country and slept in the middle of a prairie nine miles long.—*Hawkeye.*

In determining how to cast their votes this year, Republicans, and in fact all sober-minded men should bear in mind that it is possible, indeed highly probable, that the Congress to be chosen this fall may be called upon to decide who shall be the next President. With a Democratic majority in the next Congress there would doubtless be chosen an ex-Rebel for President.

The Stolen Bond.

Perhaps there never was a party as strongly pinioned for public condemnation while it was trumping up false charges of fraud against the Republican party as has been the Democratic party within the last fortnight. In the pending campaign the Democracy started to fight the political contest on the basis of a charge of fraud against their opponents. They erected a platform constructed of the usual platitudes which have been repeated in every Democratic platform for the last forty years, the [illegible] principles, in which they always indulge, never having been fulfilled, and not now designed to be carried out. The Democracy started in this campaign to howl fraud, and fraud they have howled, until the singular and startling revelations of the State bond fraud has effectually stopped their screeching. The development is one of the most singular in the whole history of Pennsylvania politics. That the bonds were stolen or issued by collusion of State officers under Democratic administration the facts fully sustain, and now to this we have added the still more startling and suggestive fact, that the bond of the State Treasurer, at the time this transaction took place, is not to be found. Was there ever such a series of well fixed facts proving the commission of a systematically arranged fraud—a larceny, breach of trust, till-tapping, or whatever it is to be called—by which the people of Pennsylvania lost $100,000? The missing bond is the best evidence yet had of the perpetration of the fraud. Why should this bond be missed? Why, of all the State Treasurers' securities, should the bond of that Treasurer be lost, under whose charge of the public moneys the theft occurred? The chain of evidence in this dark transaction, is being completed, link by link, and it binds the guilt of the crime where it belongs. The Democratic party must accept the load of guilt. It was a deed committed under a regime established by its votes, and is another proof that it cannot be trusted to administer the Government.

That Committee.

When the Potter investigation of the alleged Electoral vote fraud was proposed it was calculated that the public feeling had been wrought up to a high pitch of excitement, and all that was necessary was to furnish the witnesses to swear to certain things and acts, and at once the country would break out in revolution. The witnesses were readymade. The line of testimony was carefully prepared to which these wretches were to swear. The perjury was committed with unblushing front. Butler, in mock solemnity and badly feigned legal dignity, crossed-examined, badgered and insulted every witness that swore to the truth, and what has been the result? The country has been unmoved, except by disgust. Perjury piled on perjury has elicited contempt and derision until every man engaged in this ridiculous attempt at setting aside a decree made by a legal tribunal, except Butler, is weary of his work, and ashamed of his situation. But the marked feature of the whole affair is its failure to arouse revolution. Alexander H. Stephens, who denounced the committee as a farce, has been renominated for Congress in his Georgia district. There is not a Democratic candidate for Congress in the North, East, South or West, who is ready to make the fraud cry an issue in his campaign. They all stand aloof from it, satisfied that the people are weary of and disgusted with the whole affair.—This leaves the Democratic party a platform made up of "Southern war claims" to stand upon. That and Fernando Wood's free-trade tariff is all the Democracy have with which to go before the people.

He Preferred to Walk.

"She's pretty hot, ain't she?" said a backwoods passenger, addressing the engineer of a Mississippi steamer that was racing with another boat.

"So-so," responded the engineer, as he hung an additional wrench on the safety-valve cord to keep the steam from escaping.

"I reckon we'll overtake that craft pretty soon, won't we?" pursued the passenger.

"That's about it," returned the engineer, giving the cords another pull and hallooing through the trumpet to the fireman to "shove her up."

"One hundred and ninety-five," hummed the frightened passenger, looking first at the gauge and then at the boilers.

"That's about where she's rusticating," said the engineer.

Then the passenger ran his fingers through his hair nervously, and walked about the decks for a few minutes, when he came back to the engineer and observed:

"Hadn't you better leave that boat go now?"

"Can't do it. Must pass her."

"But s'posin' we get blowed up?"

"Well," said the engineer, as he peeped over the guard to see how fast he was gaining, "if it's the will of Providence for this boat to blow up, we'll have to stand it." Then he hallooed to the fireman to roll up another cask of bacon and to mix plenty of resin with the coal, and give her a little more turpentine and a little oil.

The next moment there was a splash in the river; but before the yawl could be lowered the man had succeeded in reaching the opposite shore, and cried out:

"Go on with your race, I guess I will walk!"

Among Our Exchanges.

—We heartily endorse the following clipping from an exchange: "We do not 'hunt up' marriage notices, nor do we publish them on 'hearsay.' We always expect that parties getting married, if they wish the notice of the event to appear in our paper, will see that the same is furnished us. When this is not done, we take it for granted that they are ashamed of what they have done, and don't want the public to know anything about it.

—The Kittanning Coal Company recently became the purchasers of thirty acres of land, most of it containing coal, and part of it located in this county. The same company, at the same time, bought additionally the mineral right of 92,000 acres, making a total purchase of mineral to the amount of 94,000 acres. With lands previously owned the mineral regions of the company cover 100,000 acres—more land and mineral than is owned by any other coal company in the United States.—*Clearfield Republican.*

—The famous "big tree" of Geneseo, under which the Indian treaties of 1779 and 1797 were made and ratified, has fallen. It stood on the bank of the Genesee river, and despite all efforts to save it, it was undermined by the stream.—Sections of the immense trunk have been cut off and sent to different places as relics. By the treaties agreed upon beneath its spreading branches, for it was known as a "big tree" even then, all the territory lying between the Genesee river and Lake Erie, and the Pennsylvania line and Lake Ontario, and the "White Woman's Tract," were ceded to the whites.—*Register.*

—This oil business is dreadfully uncertain, for while last week we had to say that the drill at the Whitesville well had been withdrawn and the pump set in motion, we must reverse the statement now and announce the further progress of the drill. In the old developed Bradford regions no attention would have been paid to this show in the second sand, but the company were anxious to see what it would produce, and by the use of a torpedo could have pumped with fair results for some time. But they are now bound for the third sand, and we earnestly hope the present fair prospects may result in the richest success when that layer shall be reached.—*Allegany (N. Y.) Reporter.*

—A tramp has been playing a lordly game on the farmers out on Wolf Run. He claimed that he was the grandson of Lord Byron, and was looking for a few nice farms for his grandpa, who was coming over here pretty soon to locate. Mr. Tramp would spend a day with a farmer, looking over his farm and living on the best in the house. He would make a low offer for the land the first day, and by raising a little the next morning secure another day's board. In this way he would secure three or four day's keep out of each person he favored with his presence. When it became known that the old Lord Byron was dead, and the grandson a fraud, there was great indignation on Wolf Run, especially when he remarked as he left that he would not give fifty cents an acre for the best land on the Run.—*Olean Record.*

Southern Politics.

CANDIDATES for Congress in Southern districts have adopted, as if by general understanding, the platform of converting all National legislation into financial and commercial aid exclusively for the South. Even Alexander H. Stephens, who is disposed to be as "national" in his views as he can bring himself down, is conducting his fight on the broad platform of Southern rights and needs. The South began, as soon as it was beaten in rebellion, to agitate the question of compelling the Federal Government to assume whatever financial loss had been incurred in the war to destroy it. On this basis Southern candidates for Congress now conduct their campaign. They tell the people of the old slave States that they lost money in the rebellion—property destroyed by the Federal armies, and slaves emancipated by the Federal Government—railroads seized and run by the Federal military authority—and other acts by which the South lost money, all of which it is now gravely asserted the Federal Government must repay. There is no other issue in Southern politics. All candidates for Congress fight on this line, and all political movements in the Southern States are directed towards this object. It is what makes the South solid at this time, and when they get through with this grave scheme they will be ready for another venture in rebellious war.

Yellow Fever.

Yellow fever, like cholera, is the effect of filthy conditions—both originating in unclean localities where the atmosphere is poisoned by the sun's rays producing miasmas from decayed vegetable and animal matter. When General Butler commanded at New Orleans, he prevented the spread of yellow fever, and literally kept it out of the Crescent City, by the aid of an army of scavengers whom he put to work in all parts of New Orleans and its environs, cleaning that locality as it never before had been cleansed, since the Spanish invaders discovered the mighty waters. Butler demonstrated the true remedy for the disease, or rather the preventive, so that what he accomplished by an army of scavengers can be done in all cities and towns of every class. It is the duty of the authorities to act promptly in removing every particle of filth from lanes, alleys and streets, in drenching sewers with clean water, and then enjoin the people to use disinfectants on their premises while at the same time they also clean every part thereof.

THE McKEAN MINER.

H. F. Barbour - - - Editor.

Smethport, Pa., August 29, 1878.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,

HON. HENRY M. HOYT,

OF LUZERNE COUNTY.

For Lieutenant Governor,

HON. CHARLES W. STONE,

OF WARREN COUNTY.

For Judge Supreme Court,

HON. JAMES P. STERRETT,

OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

For Secretary of Internal Affairs,

HON. AARON K. DUNKEL,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce the name of M. V. CHADWICK, of Smethport borough, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of McKean county, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of P. M. FULLER, of Bradford township, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of McKean county, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of M. W. WAGNER, of Bradford borough, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of McKean county, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

COMMISSIONER.

We are authorized to announce the name of A. D. BURBANK, of Keating township, as a candidate for the office of Commissioner of McKean county, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of N. W. ABBEY, of Smethport Borough, as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner of McKean county, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

Having nothing to defend, let us not go upon the defensive. Being right, gentlemen, let us be aggressive.—GEN. H. M. HOYT.

PLATFORM.—Opposition to all paper inflation and consequent depreciation. In favor of a currency of coin and paper of equal value and equal purchasing power—the paper convertible into coin at the will of the holder.

Republican County Convention.

The Republican Electors of McKean county are requested to meet in caucus at their respective places for holding elections on Saturday evening, September 14th, 1878, between the hours of 8 and 9 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of electing two delegates to represent their district in County Convention to be held at the Court House, Smethport, WEDNESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 18, 1878. Every citizen of the county who is in favor of an honest currency and a strict maintenance of the Nation's honor and integrity is cordially invited to participate in the selection of delegates.

The Convention will be called to order at 7½ p. m., and will proceed to the selection of Congressional delegates, and the nomination of candidates for the following offices:

One person for Representative.
One person for Prothonotary, &c.
One person for Sheriff.
One person for District Attorney.
Two persons for Co. Commissioners.
Two persons for County Auditors.
One person for County Surveyor.

Let there be a full representation from every election precinct in the county.

L. ROGERS,
Ch'n Co. Com.

WILL THE LESSON BE HEEDED.

A good general profits by the mistakes of his adversary. It is only by taking advantage of the exposed positions of the enemy, and promptly occupying every advantageous point that martial rectories are obtained. In political warfare the same rule holds good. Even a minority party taking advantage of the blunders of its opponents is frequently successful. But when a party, even though in the majority, refuses to accept the opportunity offered by the mistakes of its opponents, it commits a fatal mistake, invites defeat, and deserves it.

The above facts we wish to impress with all the force possible upon the intelligence of every Republican in McKean county. There is no need of being smooth-tongued in the matter. The Republican party of this county has it in its power to elect every man on its ticket this fall if the commonest kind of common sense is exercised, or it can throw away the victory that is almost within its grasp. The MINER does not advocate and cares nothing for the interests of any one man or set of men. We simply advocate the interests of the Republican party, and are only anxious that the party shall exercise reasonable discretion in the selection of candidates. Who they are or where they come from, we care not a picayune, so that they be honest, capable and intelligent citizens of the county, and can carry the largest vote possible throughout the entire county.

The Democrats in the action of their convention last Thursday, have committed the most surprising blunders. This is now conceded by everyone—except, possibly, the candidates themselves—but it is now too late to remedy the matter. There are loud grumblings and signs of discontent all along the line. They have nominated a ticket that, with a few minor exceptions, is the weakest, both as to the merits of the candidates and location, that could be imagined. Prominent and intelligent democrats do not hesitate to express their disgust and their determination to vote for whom they please for county officers this fall, regardless of party ties. They say, and say truly, that the party can stand the defeat of such a ticket, put into the field by such questionable means, better than its success.

The question how this ticket was put into the field, distasteful as it is to the better element of the party and detrimental to its best interests, is readily answered. While other men were devoting their time to their business, one or two candidates were giving their entire time for months to "setting up" the convention in their interest alone; they visited every precinct in the county, quietly and guardedly, selected their delegates, begged and persuaded (and possibly bought) enough men to attend the caucuses to elect them; the consequence was that the delegates came to the convention, not as representatives of the voters of their precincts, but as representatives of one or two men who wanted to be nominated, regardless of the consequences. The majority of the convention had no purpose or conception of their duties beyond securing the nomination of the men in whose interests they came. That accomplished, their work was done, and the balance of the nominations were gone through with as a matter of form, and with ignorant recklessness.

This is the history of the Democratic nominations, and the lesson we can and must learn by its perusal is too apparent to need elucidation. It is not unlikely that there will be an attempt to "set up" the Republican Convention in the same way. The earnest Republican throughout the county can, if they will, defeat such a purpose, and they owe it to themselves and their party to make every effort to the end that only representative men be sent as delegates, and that they be sent pledged to no man and only to the selection of candidates who are competent, unexceptionable as to moral character, Republicans from principle and not policy, and selected with a wise discrimination as to locality, with a view only to success. Let the convention come together unpledged and unprejudiced, with the determination to select candidates of merit and capacity, and success is assured. But let them come here simply as agents to force certain selfish aspirants on the ticket, and we will see the blunders of the democratic convention repeated, and will be obliged to go into the campaign handicapped from the beginning. There might much more be said on this subject, but we have said enough to give our Republican friends food for earnest thought and action, and we only hope that it is not said in vain.

A CLEAR FIELD.

The Republican party begins to recognize its duty. In regard to the finances, its responsibilities are very great, and there was some reason at one time to fear that it might not meet them with the requisite courage and honor. Faithful among the faithless, clinging to the truth where nearly all the hard-money Democratic leaders stagger or fall, the Republican party is the only hope of those who wish to preserve the public faith and to restore the Nation's prosperity. To that party falls the difficult and responsible task of educating public opinion on questions of currency and finance, and even that task it must perform, moreover, even while holding the breach against those who assault the citadel of public credit. That there has been some hesitation is not strange,—But a Butler has gone without breaking Republican ranks. A Kelley ceases to command the confidence of Republicans, even where he was so long a favorite, as soon as he wins the favor of repudiators. A. Phillips is invited to stay at home by the Republicans of Kansas, in order that the next Secretary of a Congressional "Greenback" caucus may be a Democrat. Secretary Sherman goes to speak of public faith to the people of Ohio, before whom Senator Thurman abased himself by abjuring his convictions. Secretary McCrary will find a hearty welcome from the sound Republicans of Iowa. Senator Blaine speaks with all his power and clearness on the right side, and Mr. Grow bravely confronts the heresies prevailing in Pennsylvania, while the Republican candidate for Governor in Indiana does not hesitate to combat the popular errors which sometimes caused even the strong Morton to waver. Michigan and Wisconsin are true; Minnesota and Nebraska will teach their representatives that the Republican party countenances no leaning toward inflation.

All these are good signs. It would be wrong to expect that, after error had run riot for so many years, the people of all the formerly loyal States could be brought by a single campaign to realize that every blow at the public creditor is in effect an attempt to punish those who defeated rebellion. But it is just to say that the Republican party is to-day more nearly united and more clear of purpose than ever before in defending the honor of the nation, and in seeking for the country prosperity through justice. Republican voters have rapidly educated by the events of the past two years. They have seen that resumption comes without the predicted ruin. They have studied the men who clamor for inflation, and have found that most of them are bankrupt speculators. The conduct and declarations of the Greenback party have helped to educate Republicans; they have seen that the men who once start with a demand for taxation of bonds, or abolition of National banks, or inflation of currency, are very apt to end as full-fledged repudiators.

The democratic party has helped involuntarily, as usual. Its unscrupulous demagogues have gone so far, in catering to the ideas or prejudices which the Nationals represent, that intelligent voters begin to remember where these same Democrats stood, with regard to the National unity and the National credit, when Lee was before Gettysburg. It has occurred to thousands of Republicans that a Democratic party which is ruled by a Solid South may not unnaturally have purposes, in respect to the bonds and the currency and the credit of the Union, which no true Republican can share. If bad faith toward public creditors is to be popular, the Democratic party will reap all the benefit, for it has represented nothing but bad faith from the beginning. But the Republican party finds that it can continue to exist only by waging unceasing and uncompromising war against every measure or plan by which the public credit can be undermined. Even the Tramp party has helped. Greenback-Labor speakers and papers have been forced in discussion to disclose the essentially Communistic nature of their aims. Day by day, as the contest goes on, Republican voters will become more clear and more determined on these questions. He who wants any share of their confidence in the future had best put himself in harmony with the inevitable tendency of the party,—For that party cannot ignore its duty until it can forget all that is grand in its history.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Hon. John I. Mitchell.

Congressman Mitchell's popularity in his own county is not confined to his party. As evidence of this fact we give below the resolution of the convention endorsing his renomination followed by the remarks of the Tioga *Express*, an independent paper of prominence and ability:

Resolved, That we present the name of Hon. John I. Mitchell to this Congressional District as the unanimous choice of the Republican party of Tioga county, as a candidate of tried fitness, integrity and capacity; and in case of his nomination in the District, Tioga county will give him her usual old-fashioned Republican majority.

The Hon. John I. Mitchell, of Wellsboro, was then called for, who arose amid the cheers of the Convention, and proceeded to the stand, where he responded in an hour's speech of great earnestness and vigor. Mr. Mitchell did not care to enter into a discussion of the new questions of the day at that time, although before he finished his remarks, we thought he gave them quite a ventilation. He thanked the people of "Old Tioga" warmly for the many honors she had conferred upon him, and vowed the best years of his life should be spent in her service, for he always had her welfare at heart—first, foremost and always. He had acted and voted conscientiously upon every question while at Washington, and whatever else might be imputed to him by his enemies, he hoped they would give him credit for that virtue. He thought we had a good government; that the Republican party was in good condition and in good hands, and eulogized some of its great leaders. He referred briefly to the financial situation—to banks, bonds, greenbacks, silver and gold, and explained to the evident satisfaction of his listeners the reasons for his position on the Silver Bill. He thought earnestness and activity were necessary to carry the Republican banner in this county and district, through this fall, whether he or some other candidate were nominated. He said he should give full expression to his views on all the great questions of the day during the campaign, but did not desire to fully commit himself before he was fully prepared, as the problems now occupying and so terribly agitating the public mind were indeed questions of great moment, and required from even the best read men and thinkers the deepest thought and debate. Mr. Mitchell retired amid the hearty applause of the Convention. John I. Mitchell is the lion of Tioga county. The people look upon him with pride and he bears his honors gracefully.

We could not help noticing how eagerly his constituents seized upon every statement he uttered, and how unceremoniously they accepted them. Yes, Mr. Mitchell is the idol of the Republican party in this county, and so long as he continues in his present course, his people will look upon him with that same fond pride that has characterized their suffrages to that gentleman in the past.

SIMON'S BROTHER'S WILL.

From The Pittsburg Post.

William Cameron, a brother of the Hon. Simon Cameron, died a few months ago at the pretty little town of Lewisburg, Union County, Pa., at the ripe old age of 83 years. William was a shrewd business man, and, like his brother, amassed an immense estate. He died worth about a million and a half, nearly a million of which was personal property. The real estate consists of valuable farms, scattered about the fertile valley through which flows the west branch of the Susquehanna.

Shortly after the death of Mr. Cameron his will was found, and, curiously enough, about $1,400,000 were bequeathed to Mrs. Packer, wife of the Hon. John B. Packer of Sunbury, who one time represented that district in Congress. Mrs. Packer was a daughter of William Cameron, and her husband was his attorney. But there were no other heirs. The deceased had a son who died in early manhood, leaving two children to survive him and their grandfather. Mr. Cameron also had two daughters, one of whom was married to Dr. Harrison of Lewisburg. The other was married to John A. Green of the same place. Mr. and Mrs. Green, both deceased, left two daughters, one of whom is married to C. P. Jones, who is now employed at the Philadelphia Mint, and the other is Mrs. W. H. House of Centre avenue, this city. While $1,400,000 of the estate was bequeathed to Mrs. Packer of Sunbury, only $60,000 was left to Mr. Cameron's other daughter, Mrs. Dr. Harrison of Lewisburg, and only $10,000 to each of his grand-children, viz.: Mrs. House of this city, and the two little ones of William Cameron, Jr.

One of these grand-children was named in honor of his grand-father, and for each of the others the old gentleman displayed much fondness. The revelation of the will therefore created no little attention among the good people of Lewisburg, as well as the heirs who, though not entirely left out in the cold, were bequeathed a mere pittance of the vast estate. The document was written in Mr. Packer's handwriting, and was full of legal phraseology, which the heirs contend the old gentleman did not comprehend. They also claim that the deceased millionaire was not in a proper frame of mind to make a will. For these and other reasons not made public Mrs. Dr. Harrison, the daughter, and Mrs. House, a grand-daughter, have decided to test the validity of the testament before the courts of Union county.

THE Democratic State Committee issued instructions to the county committees to endorse as far as possible, in making up their county tickets, the Greenback nominees. These instructions have been obeyed in many of the counties. McKean, however, is one of the exceptions. There were no candidates on the Greenback ticket whom they were sure they could use.

WHEN the Democrats and Greenbackers unite, which is swallowed? Do the Democrats, who are in favor of repudiation, as laid down in the Tennessee platform, swallow the Greenbackers, or do the latter swallow the repudiationists? In this respect there is a benefit conferred, and the country ought to know its benefactor.

IT KEEPS sagacious Democratic organs very busy encouraging Greenback-Labor-Reform movements on the one side, and on the other persuading their own partisans of the impropriety of abandoning their organization to join any of the independent ventures. It is a sort of patting on the back in one direction and pulling hair on the other.

A Terrible Affair.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Aug. 13.—During a storm yesterday afternoon, the powder magazine of Weldy & Co., on the outskirts of this place, was struck by lightning. There were eleven hundred kegs of powder in the building, and a terrible explosion took place, completely wrecking the magazine, and scattering the debris with terrific force in an easterly direction, making a gap in the woods fifty feet wide. A picnic party was assembled in the woods a short distance below the magazine, and several of the party were more or less injured by flying stones, timbers, &c. John Wasler, a boy named Vaughn, and a son of Andrew Gallahnn were killed. A daughter of Wm. Brazier had her limbs crushed so badly that amputation was necessary.—Richard Stevens, a leg badly cut; David Thomas, a foot crushed; Henry James, bruised about the body and legs broken; Wm. Reese, leg crushed, amputated. The house of Henry Stealey was nearly torn down and Mr. and Mrs. Stealey received wounds about the head. Many cattle were badly injured. They had to be afterwards killed. Lafin & Rand's magazine near by, containing several hundred kegs of powder, was badly shattered, but fortunately escaped further damage. Fisher's coal breaker, a hundred yards west of the Weldy magazine, was also badly damaged, a portion of the engine being demolished. The explosion was heard eleven miles, and caused great excitement in the city.—The large plate glass windows of the Pottsville Bank and the Mountain City Bank were broken, as were also many windows in the court house. The ceilings in a number of residences were thrown down. The house of Joseph Galbraith, at Mt. Hope, is a complete wreck. Total loss, estimated $45,000.

The effects of the explosion of 1,200 kegs of powder, Saturday, were felt all over the city. People were thrown out of their chairs in distant parts of the city. Twenty-five houses were crushed to pieces and torn to kindlings. Hearthstones and pianos were hurled miles away. The scene at the picnic was fearful, it being in the path of the explosion. Huge masses of stone and fragments of trees were hurled among the picnicers. A horse attached to a buggy driven by two young ladies, was torn to pieces, but the young ladies escaped.

TIOGA has generally been regarded as the banner county of this congressional district, so far as Republican votes are concerned. Few persons, who have not taken the trouble to examine the official figures, are aware that Lycoming county cast nearly as many Republican votes as Tioga. In 1873 the Republican vote for Hartranft stood as follows:

Tioga	3,922
Lycoming	2,762
Difference in favor of Tioga	660

At the last Presidential election, when the vote was very full, Hayes received the following support in the two counties:

Tioga	5,892
Lycoming	4,110
Difference in favor of Tioga	782

Last year the vote on Sterrett, for supreme judge, was as follows:

Tioga	5,078
Lycoming	2,421
Difference in favor of Tioga	657

When John I. Mitchell ran for congress in 1876 he received the following vote:

Tioga	5,779
Lycoming	3,774
Difference in favor of Tioga	2,005

The increase was caused by the fact that he is a resident of that county and polled more than the usual Republican vote. Aside from the vote of that year the average excess over the vote of Lycoming for three elections, all of which were important, was only 631 votes. There is no reason, therefore, why Lycoming should despair—her Republican strength is not far behind that of Tioga. The Republicans cannot afford to sacrifice this district, and in order to prevent its loss they must put their strongest man in nomination, whether he is a resident of Tioga or not.—*Williamsport Gazette & Bulletin.*

THE Democratic Congressional Conference met at Warren on Tuesday last, and nominated Geo. A. Allen, of Erie, as the Democratic candidate for Congress in this District. Previous to the meeting of the conferees an earnest effort had been made to secure the endorsement of Wesley Chambers, the Greenback nominee, but the leaders would not listen to the proposition. It is true they have nominated and endorsed the Greenback candidate for State Senate in this district, and their County Convention nominated J. Lowry Dewoody for Assembly and John Boal for Prothonotary, who were previously nominated by the Greenbackers. But they are *all Democrats*, and the Democratic leaders know very well that they will be Democrats, and not Nationals, if elected. The election of Taggart, Dewoody and Boal will bring grist to the Democratic mill, but Mr. Chambers has, until within a few years, been a Republican, and for that reason the Democracy did not endorse him. If the Greenback party had named a prominent Democrat for Congress, he would certainly have received the endorsement of the Democracy. But when it comes to endorsing a genuine Greenbacker, whom they have every reason to believe they cannot use or control, they decline to coalesce.—*Venango Citizen.*

THE Portland, Me., *Press* conveys a bit of very good news in the following terms: "The tide has turned. Many who were at first inclined to the doctrines of the Greenbackers have seen their error and are returning to the support of hard money. Every day's discussion makes hard money converts. People only need to have the facts clearly presented to them in order to perceive the errors and sophisms of the Greenbackers." As it is in Maine, so will it be everywhere. All that is necessary to the destruction of such bubbles is a little time, supplemented by free discussion and a little sound logic.

THE editor of the Mississippi *Corinthian* is an orthodox Democrat. Hear how he rallies the Southern democracy against the North:

"Let the Solid South meet the united North with a bold and undaunted courage, for we are just as confident as we are that we edit this paper that a division of States will be attempted again in the future, just as sure as it was in 1861, when the tocsin of war first sounded at Fort Sumpter. The North is to tyranical, too aggressive, too jealous, too vindictive, too suspicious, the South too lofty, too haughty, too ambitious and too proud. A union of the States is and always will be galling."

THERE is trouble in the Greenback camp over the nomination of Plummer for Congress in the Crawford District. Dewees, Chairman of their State Committee, J. Gib. White, of Mercer, and a number of other distinguished lights in the party, attended the Butler County Greenback Convention, for the purpose of nominating H. L. Smith, a wealthy oil producer, for Congress. Plummer is poor, and will not be able to pan out very well to the party leaders, while Smith is rich, and would have bled freely. Hence the efforts of Dewees and Co. to nominate Smith. But Plummer was victorious, and consequently there is growling among the hungry all along the line. Plummer is denounced as a political "tramp" and it is alleged that he will not receive the votes of one-half the Greenback party in Butler county. If the Democrats endorse Plummer for Congress, Dick, the Republican candidate, will have a walk over.—*Venango Citizen.*

THE *London Times* so handsomely concedes American superiority in the mechanical display at the Paris Exposition, that we cannot help wondering what the *Times* would have said, and what Europe would have thought, and what percentage of increase our export trade would have shown in consequence, had Congress been sufficiently enlightened to make a decently liberal appropriation for the exhibition of American products at Paris. It was such an opportunity for advertising the merits of American mechanics as only a world's fair affords, and it came at such a stage in the growth of our export trade as would have made it doubly valuable to our depressed and struggling industries. But when was Congress found equal to the occasion?

KEARNEY has been as unsuccessful in the West as he was in the East. The Illinois *State Journal* says that "intelligent workingmen are ashamed of the man and his methods. Instead of the popular outpouring which the fellow expected, it has transpired through careful inquiry among workingmen and their representatives, that the few hundreds who did go to hear him attended from sheer curiosity to see and hear, and not from either sympathy or interest."

CALVIN PARSONS, of Luzerne county, has declined the Prohibition Party nomination for Secretary of Internal Affairs, and the party managers have tendered the nomination to James L. Wright, the Greenback candidate for the same position. The Philadelphia papers declare that Wright is not a Prohibitionist.

BRADFORD county is declared to be unanimous for the renomination of Congressman Overton. In the same district the Republicans of Wyoming county have presented Hon. F. C. Bunnell as a candidate for Congress, and Susquehanna has put forward Senator Watson.

Miscellaneous.

HEALTHFUL, PRACTICAL

A FAMILY FRIEND.

THE

LIGHT-RUNNING

DOMESTIC

SEWING MACHINE.

Double Thread, Lock Stitch; Automatic Self-Adjusting Tension and Take-up; Conical Steel Bearings, and Compensating Journal.

It does not Fatigue!!!
It does not make you Nervous!!!

LIGHT-RUNNING, NOISELESS.

None run it but to love it;
None know it but to praise.

THE

"DOMESTIC"

Is the most desirable and efficient machine made, for these reasons:
It is made of the *choicest materials*, and by the *best workmen*.
It is the *simplest* in construction, and *most reliable* in its action.
It requires almost *no adjusting*, and yet does *every* variety of work.
It is *noiseless, rapid*, and will outwear any other machine.
It is the *easiest running* of machines, and *saves muscle and nerves*, which are more valuable than money.
It has *never failed* to give *perfect satisfaction*.
Every machine *warranted*.
Physicians recommend it for its light-running and noiseless qualities.
Send for a copy of "How to Choose a Sewing Machine."

"Domestic" Sewing Machine Co.,
NEW YORK.

"DOMESTIC" Paper Fashions,
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The most stylish and best fitting,

In endless variety. Send 5 cents for large Illustrated Catalogue of 1000 Styles.

"DOMESTIC Monthly,"
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An Instructive and Entertaining Illustrated Magazine of Fashion, Polite Literature, and Art. $1.50 a Year, with PREMIUM. Specimen Copy, 15 cents.

DOMESTIC

Sewing Machine Co.,

HOME OFFICE,

Broadway and 14th St., New York.

Smethport Bakery.

M. H. PICARD'S

Bakery & Confectionery,

FINE TEAS.

Also Dealer in

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Special attention given to orders from private families.

Miscellaneous.

THE FRIEND OF ALL!!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

These famous Pills PURIFY the BLOOD, and act most powerfully, yet soothingly, on the LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS, and BOWELS, giving TONE, ENERGY, and VIGOR to the whole system. They are wonderfully efficacious in all ailments incidental to FEMALES, Young or Old, and as a general FAMILY MEDICINE, for the cure of most complaints they are unequalled.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the signature of J. HAYDOCK, as agent for the United States, surrounds each box of Pills and Ointment. Boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes. HOLLOWAY & CO., New York

A CURE FOR ALL!!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Possessed of this REMEDY, Every Man may be his own Doctor. It may be rubbed into the system, so as to reach any internal Complaint, by these means, it cures Sores or Ulcers in the THROAT, STOMACH, LIVER, SPINE, or other parts. It is an infallible remedy for BAD LEGS, BAD BREASTS, Contracted or Stiff Joints, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, and all Skin diseases.

Important Caution.—None are genuine unless the signature of *J. Haydock*, as agent for the United States, surrounds each box of Pills and Ointment. Boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each. (15-42 yl) HOLLOWAY & Co., New York.

JAMES McNULTY,

MERCHANT TAILOR

MAIN STREET, SMETHPORT, PA.

Suits made to order promptly after the latest patterns.

REPAIRING and CLEANING

done to order neatly and cheaply.

Prices to suit the times, and good fit guaranteed. Call and see samples and prices.

v14-41-1y J. McNULTY.

The World's Standard

FAIRBANK'S

SCALES.

Also Sole Agents for

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AND

Oscillating Pump Companys' Pumps.

COFFEE and SPICE MILLS,
TEA and COFFEE CANS,
WAREHOUSE TRUCKS and
STORE FIXTURES GENERALLY.

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ENGRAVERS

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FORMERLY HENRY CHANDLER ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 13 Swan Street, Lewis Block,

BUFFALO, N. Y

JAS. N. Matthews, } *Of the late firm of Matthews & Warren*
Wm. P. Northrup, } *The leaders years with Henry Chandler*
1530 yl

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LIQUOR STORE

East Side, Union St., OLEAN, N. Y.

Wines, Liquors, Tobaccos & Cigars at Wholesale or Retail.

BUFFALO

Type & Electrotype

FOUNDRY,

36 & 38 West Seneca St. Buffalo, N. Y.

PRINTING MATERIAL OF ALL KINDS FROM THE BEST MATERIAL AND FURNISHED AT SHORT NOTICE. ALSO MAILING TYPE.

N. LYMAN'S SONS, - Prop's.

1530-1y

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE

MINER

AND BE

HAPPY.

Miscellaneous.

NEW STOCK

AT

NEW PRICES!

CASH AND LOW FIGURES.

Having just placed on our counters a full and entirely new stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

at greatly reduced prices we are able to do better by our patrons than ever before. Our stock of

GENTS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING

is superior in quality and make, and we call attention to the following very low prices, as sample figures:

Men's Full Suits	$4 50 to $17 00
Boys' Suits	$3 00 to $8 00
Gents' Boots	$2 00 to $5 00

WE HAVE ALSO A FULL STOCK OF

LADIES' & CHILDRENS' SHOES & GAITERS

WHICH WE OFFER AT PRICES BELOW COMPETITION.

WE ARE OFFERING A FULL LINE OF

HATS AND CAPS

AND

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Our Grocery Department

IS ALWAYS COMPLETE.

SUGARS	9 to 11c	PRUNES	12½c
SYRUPS	70 to 90c	SUGAR-CURED HAMS	13c
TEAS	25 to 90c	SALT PORK	9c
COFFEES	28 to 35c	LARD	11c
DRIED APPLES	7c	OAT MEAL	5c
PEELED PEACHES	15c	CHOICE BUTTER	16c

HASKILL & GIFFORD,

Main Street, SMETHPORT.

CENTRAL CASH STORE.

SPRING STOCK JUST RECEIVED.

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES

and MILLINERY

LADIES-FURNISHING GOODS

Cash and Small Profits.

W. D. GALLUP,

MAIN STREET, SMETHPORT.

THE BEST WAGON ON WHEELS

IS MANUFACTURED BY

FISH BROS. & CO.,

RACINE, WIS.

WE MAKE EVERY VARIETY OF

FARM, FREIGHT AND SPRING WAGONS,

And by confining ourselves strictly to one class of work; by employing none but the

BEST OF WORKMEN.

Using nothing but

First-Class Improved Machinery and the very best of Selected Timber,

And by a THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE of the business, we have justly earned the reputation of making

"THE BEST WAGON ON WHEELS"

We give the following warranty with each wagon:

We Hereby Warrant the FISH BROS. WAGON No..... to be well made in every particular and of good material, and that the strength of the same is sufficient for all work with fair usage. Should any breakage occur within one year from this date by reason of defective material or workmanship, repairs for the same will be furnished at place of sale, free of charge, or the price of said repairs, as per agent's price list, will be paid in cash by the purchaser producing a sample of the broken or defective parts as evidence.

Racine, Wis., Jan. 1st, 1878. {TITUS G. FISH, EDWIN B. FISH, JNO. C. HUGGINS,} FISH BROS. & CO.

Knowing that we can suit you, we solicit patronage from every section or the United States. Send for Prices and Terms, and for a copy of our AGRICULTURAL PAPER to

FISH BROS. & CO, Racine, Wis.

CLAPP BROS. & CO.,

WHOLESALE JEWELERS.

A FULL LINE OF

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN WATCHES

LARGEST STOCK! LOWEST PRICES!!

DEALERS! SEND FOR CATALOGUE!!! PLEASE CALL WHEN IN THE CITY!

Orders will Receive Prompt and Careful Attention.

161 State St., CHICAGO.

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., August 29, 1878.

Lodge Directory.

A. Y. M.

McKEAN LODGE, No. 306, A. Y. M., meets on the fourth Wednesday of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

W. T. CALLAM, W. M.

G. M SMITH, Sec'y.

Churches.

METHODIST.—J. C. WHITESIDE, pastor. Sabbath School every Sabbath at 9 a. m., and Preaching at 10½ a. m., and 7 p. m. Class Meeting at 11½ a. m. Prayer Meetings on Thursday evenings at 7 p. m.

Preaching at Norwich and at Cole Creek at 2 p. m. every alternate Sabbath.

BAPTIST.—O. J. ROSE, pastor. Services Sunday at 10½ a. m., and at 7½ p. m. Sunday school immediately after the morning service. Preaching once in two weeks at the Hafner school house.

EPISCOPAL.—H. Q. MILLER, Rector. Services on the 2d and 4th Sunday of each month at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Sabbath School at 9 a. m.

St. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH —Rev. J. E. SMITH, pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. Service at 11.30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m... Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Official Directory.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge.—H. W. Williams, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.

Additional Judge.—S. F. Wilson, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.

Associate Judges.—W. S. Brownell, Smethport; E. S. Burnham, Eldred.

District Attorney.—P. H. Cotter, Fort Allegany.

Sheriff.—C. S. King, Smethport.

Prothonotary.—C. R. Sartwell, Smethport. *Deputy.*—J. R. Chadwick.

County Treasurer.—W. D. Gallup, Smethport.

Commissioners.—Rej. Bunker, Orlando Gallup, Wm. A. Young.

County Clerk.—Jno. R. Chadwick, Smethport.

Auditors.—O. D. Coleman, J. L. Rean, M. W. Fisher.

Regular Terms of Court.—Fourth Monday in February and September, and Third Monday of June and December.

Borough Officers.

Burgess—H L Armstrong

Ass't Burgess—H L McCoy

Council—G M Smith B C Corwin Wm Specht S Backus S W Abbey C Hamlin

Constable—H. L. Burlingame

School Directors—L Rogers B D Hamlin B L Knapp E G Brown R Sartwell L Burlingame

Poormasters—E F Walker O W Gallup

Justices—G M Smith P Ford

Auditors—C K Sartwell M A Sprague A B Armstrong

HERE AND HEREABOUTS.

Our Traveling Agent.

Mr. J. WILLETT SMITH is the authorized agent and solicitor of the MINER. He is authorized to solicit subscriptions, advertising and job work, and to make collections. Orders through him will receive prompt and careful attention. We bespeak for him a courteous reception from all our personal and business friends.

—Squirrel shooting will be lawful on Sept. 1st.

—The Teachers' Institute is in session this week.

—The Republicans of Bradford are wide awake.

—Insure your life with W. H. Mandeville, Olean, N. Y tf

—None but reliable insurance companies represented by W. H. Mandeville. tf

—Hamilton's German Bitters are the best. Large bottles only 50 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong. Aug. 22-3m.

—The *Reporter* don't waste any compliments on the ticket nominated by it's party last Thursday.

—All voters must be registered and assessed before September 5th. See to the matter at once.

—Sheridan Coles, one of the MINER compositors, is spending his vacation among friends in Elmira and vicinity.

—A. B. Armstrong sells Hamilton's Ginger Tonic for Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Sour Stomach, Heart-burn, &c. Aug. 22. m-3

—All five dollar notes of the First National Bank of Tamaqua, Pa., numbered above two thousand three hundred and ninety-one are counterfeit.

—Three corps of engineers are holding their headquarters on Howard Hill, while surveying and locating lands in the vicinity of the Hulings, or Kenzua well.

—A fast walker, it is estimated, could not walk to the sun in less than 1,968 years, but O'Leary is willing to bet that he can do it in 1,741 years if somebody will lay the saw dust.

—Gov. Hartranft has enlisted heart and soul in the war against the Standard monopoly, yet there will be people so unfair as to attribute his zeal to motives of personal or political interest.

—The editor of this paper did not attend the Western Pennsylvania Editorial Excursion to Mammoth Cave, although so reported. Press of other engagements prevented at the last moment.

—There is about 150 barrels of oil in the tank at the Haskill well. The well continues to yield five or six barrels a day, but owing either to defects in material or construction of the tank a great deal of oil is lost.

—The *Evening News* is the name of a little four page, four columns to the page, paper started in Bradford by the Lyman Brothers, job printers. It sells for a cent, and though small in size is worth the money. There is room for growth, and we hope it will grow larger and stronger as it grows older.

—We owe an apology either to Arch. Stevens or Dan. Forsyth, we hardly know which. In our report of the Democratic County Convention we stated that Dan. was nominated for Auditor, and it turns out that Arch. was the nominee. Either one is up to the average of the ticket, which is not saying much for them, however.

—A prominent gentleman of Elk county, in remitting $2 for subscription, says "I do not want to lose the MINER, which I consider the best county paper I get." We were pleased to receive the $2, of course, but such encouraging words from so intelligent and discriminating a source did us more good than would ten bills of that denomination.

—Robt. Gregg, the new chairman of the Democratic County Committe, was in town on Monday. It was generally understood that Robt's mission was to secure the withdrawal of a certain candidate on the ticket. Smethport candidates are poor subjects for "bull-dozing." When they want an office they want it bad, and never get off the track till they're knocked off.

—Perhaps the wildest liar that this country has ever produced is the typesetter who said! "I remember one night in particular when I set 3,000 ems in an hour out of a bag by moonlight, and had to take every letter to the window to see what it was."—*Exchange.* He equals the printer who said he went to work on a pair of cases containing nothing but a broken hair space and a dead fly and set 4,000 ems out of them.

—Isaac B. Brown, formerly of this place, is one of the Republican nominees for Assembly in Erie county, this State, and his brother, Col. Jeff. Brown, expects to be nominated for the same office by the democracy of Elk county.

—On Sunday morning last, Anthony White, a lumberman about twenty-five years of age, living near Sterling Run was struck by a passing train and instantly killed. Coroner Laning summoned a jury and a verdict rendered in accordance with the above facts. The deceased was from Canada and was without family.—*Cameron Press.*

GET ASSESSED.

Thursday, September 5th is the last day upon which voters can get assessed, and Saturday October 5th is the last day upon which tax can be paid, to secure a vote at the ensuing election. Persons who voted on age last year, should be particular to have their names placed upon the assessment, and pay their tax as above indicated, otherwise the law provides no way by which they can vote.

The Smethport Water Works.

By a notice in another column it will be observed that the initial steps have been taken to supply this borough with water and gas. The continual increase of population has already made such a project a necessity. In some portions of the borough it is almost an impossibility to get a supply of water for household use, unless at an enormous expense. There are two plans for getting the supply of water, either of which is practicable. One is by digging a well near the bank of Marvin Creek, and forcing the water from it to a reservoir on the side hill north of the borough, from which it would flow wherever required in the borough. Another plan is to tap Blacksmith Brook at a point about two miles from the borough, at an elevation sufficient to run it to the borough limits without other expense. The latter plan will be more expensive at the outset, but will in the end be the cheapest and will also undoubtedly furnish better and purer water and a more certain supply. But whatever plan is adopted, it behooves those who have the matter in hand to push the enterprise without delay. Even at low rates there will be a large profit in the investment and others stand ready to go ahead should the present company show signs of weakness or delay.

The Clarion Jail Delivery.

The *Derrick* gives the following particulars of the escape of five prisoners from the Clarion county jail last Sunday afternoon:

Sheriff Dunkel and wife were away attending the Cherry Run camp meeting. The jail was left in charge of the turnkey, Mr. Hunter. While Mr. Hunter was home for dinner Prof. Sam Loomis and the Messrs. Sarver, two friends of his called at the jail and prevailed on Miss Fannie Hoovers who lives with the Sheriff, to usher them in so that they could talk with the prisoners. The lady remonstrated with them and told them it was against the rules to admit visitors while the prisoners had the freedom of the corridor. The Professor, who is on the best of terms with the young lady, assured her that it would be all right, and induced her to open the door. The three young men went in and had their visit. When the young lady unlocked the heavy iron door for them to come out five of the prisoners pushed them aside and rushed out, one of them named Henley striking Miss Hooyer and felling her to the floor. Five of them made their exit, when two of their fellow prisoners, Whitmore and Weaver, closed the door, and a colored lady employed about the house appeared on the scene and locked it. As soon as the bold five reached the road they picked up stones, ran down the hillside to the Clarion, after which they were not seen. There were twenty-four prisoners in the jail at the time, and if it had not been for the prompt action of Whitmore and Weaver all could have escaped.

The First Move.

From the Bradford Era of the 27th.

Ever since Mr. Culver stated, at one of the producers' meetings last week, that application would be made by the Attorney General for a writ of *quo warranto* to be served on the United Pipe Lines at Oil City, every loyal producer throughout Western Pennsylvania has been fondly anticipating a favorable result of the action implied in the statement. All day yesterday the one subject, a suit against the United Pipe Lines, engaged the attention of men in oil circles. They were anxiously awaiting tidings from Franklin, and not until evening were they acquainted of the doings in the court.—Enough for one day that the writ had been issued. The play had commenced and it was an established fact that the commonwealth had taken action for redress of petroleum producers at least. It might have occurred before, but the good news seemed to have the effect of silencing regretful expressions. "What is the Council doing?" was, a short time ago, a popular question. A telegram published in another column will now answer that question. The petition taken to Governor Hartranft by a delegation of the Producers' Grand Council received attention, and the Governor instructed the Attorney General to apply for the writ of *quo warranto*. In accordance with this conclusion Deputy Attorney General Gilbert left Harrisburg Sunday night for Franklin and yesterday presented his application.

The following are the reasons, briefly stated, upon which the application for the writ was based:

First—That the company transports and stores oil in McKean county, in the absence of a law giving them authority to engage in that business in that county.

Second—That, although the company is a common carrier, and as such is obliged to treat all alike in the transaction of business, it has violated its obligations by refusing to transport petroleum for certain persons, partnerships and corporations, while performing that service for other parties.

Third—It discriminates against certain persons, partnerships and corporations, charging them much higher rate than it does others for the same service.

The writ was issued returnable September 11th. Every oil man knows the importance of the case and will watch with interest the coming of the day of this hearing.

The Teachers' Institute.

The Institute opened Tuesday with a fair attendance. Co. Supt. Curtis gave instruction and conducted all the exercises during the first day. Prof. Raub arrived that evening, and gave most of the instruction since. He lectured last evening to a good house, and will lecture tonight. He seems to be well liked by all. There are now about sixty members in attendance and more expected.

The Clermont Miners Stop Work.

The Buffalo Coal Company having reduced the price of mining coal ten cents a ton, the miners at Clermont have refused to work for the last week or ten days. They are still hanging out, and say they will not work at the present rates, though the company offered to reduce rents, &c., commensurate with the reduction in labor. Until the difficulty is adjusted of course no coal will be carried over the McK. & B. road, and this accounts for the present abandonment of the coal train south of Smethport.

Shut Down.

On account of scarcity of a supply of of water the Smethport Extract Works have temporarily ceased work. The large well which was dug at considerable expense to the company with the hope of furnishing a sufficient supply of water has proved itself utterly inadequate for the purpose. The water from the little brook close by has also often been used, but that, too, like the water from the well, is soon exhausted by the heavy demands from the works. For this reason it was thought best to suspend operations for the present until the well furnishes a more abundant supply.

The County Water Supply.

We mentioned the fact in a recent issue that a little light was needed as to the causes of the dificulty in regard to a sufficient supply of water for the jail. The matter can be stated in a few words, and as near as we can find out the case stands as follows: Previous to the building of the new jail the Commissioners at considerable expense laid pipes from a spring on the hill north of the borough which was believed would furnish an ample supply of water during the entire year. At the same time they contracted with one of our citizens, Mr. E. W. Chadwick, giving him the right to use the *surplus* water, he agreeing to pay $10 a year for the privilege. He was allowed to tap the main pipe at a point *between* the jail and spring from which the water would force itself to his residence either from the source or from the tank in the jail (in case there was any water in the latter) with equal ease. The result is that there is always a scarcity of water for the jail during the dry season. It is fair to assume, however, that Mr. Chadwick has all the water he wants to use. There is nothing to hinder, and he would be very foolish if he did not take advantage of the situation.

Even were there not a drop of water in the spring his supply would be furnished from the water the county is now paying 30 cents a barrel for to put in the jail tank! There may not be water enough from the spring to supply the jail alone, but there certainly is not enough *surplus* (after Mr. C. takes what he wants). His contract only calls for the surplus, while the fact is he has the first use and gives the county the surplus! As a consequence the tax-payers of the county had to pay about two hundred dollars a few months ago for cleaning out the pipes in the jail, which would have been kept clean had there been enough water, and we are now paying four or five dollars a day for drawing water for the use of the jail—and Mr. E. V. Chadwick. No one can censure Mr. Chadwick in the least for his part in the matter. No one would refuse to accept a generous supply of water at the hand of the county, and he would be more lacking in shrewdness than we take him to be if he does not hang to his special privileges as tenaciously as possible.

But we do, in behalf of the taxpayers of McKean county, most decidedly object to paying two or three hundred dollars a year for supplying him, or any other man, with water. If there was an ample supply there would be no objections whatever, but when the supply is so limited and it is attended with such a constant and heavy expense, the taxpayers have abundant reason to feel outraged. Now what are the County Commissioners going to do about it? The matter has been called to their attention time and again; they have been urged and advised by their attorney who drew up the contract with Mr. Chadwick to annul it and cut off his connecting pipe, and promised to do it months ago. But they haven't done it yet, and there seems to be no prospect of their doing it. Their duty to their constituents is plain. There is no harm in trying it, and they may save the county a big bill of expense, settle a vexatious question, and retire from office in an effulgence of glory. If they do nothing their retirement may not be so glorious.

Monopoly.

To the Editor of the Miner:

Various reasons are assigned for the scarcity of money in our rural districts, and a hundred and one theories are abroad to mend the wrong, and in my opinion no more effectual blow could be struck at the Hydra-Headed monster, monopoly, than to strike at a proper regulation of the Insurance business of this country. For instance, about ten millions of dollars are paid annually by the citizens of Pennsylvania for Insurance. This money paid for protection in the shape of Insurance, is sent to our large cities and there it stays in the form of monopoly, unless returned to exact an exorbitant rate of interest. The cities of New York and Hartford have their coffers flooded with Insurance money. The little city of Hartford alone boasts of nine or ten National Banks and they are supported by money sent there for Insurance. Some of these monopolies in the form of large Insurance Companies in this country also boasts of an income of twenty millions a year, and are able to pay their President forty thousand dollars a year, and then to a swarm of other officers and clerks salaries large according to the station of their respective officers. Many of those offices are so well fed, that they are not content with comfortable homes in their own cities, but must have summer residences if not at the sea-side, at some fashionable watering place in Europe or America; and in addition thereto the owners of fine pleasuring yachts on the high seas. Allow me to ask, Mr. Editor, whose money furnishes this luxury? Is it not the surplus money charged the citizen for his Insurance? Should not these facts induce good citizens to form Insurance Companies at home, manage them at home, and keep the money at home? and especially since there is just as good Insurance talent in the country to make and manage Insurance companies as there is in the cities; and in many instances better by far. Where does the money come from that makes the insurance company? Of course we rightfully answer, it comes simply from the citizen who pays for his insurance and no other. Let the good citizens of the country ponder over another fact in connection with what we have said. Let some citizen from the country, who has been in the habit of paying his money for years for insurance to the moneyed insurance monopolies abroad, let him once ask the privilege of borrowing money from one of these kid-glove monopolies, and he will find that in the first place he will be charged legal interest, then some peculiar usury, then the "pet bonus" of the president or some other stool-pigeon of the company, and finally, in summing up the transaction, he will find himself paying about from 12 to 20 per cent. for the use of part of his own money. What a luxury to support a city autocracy!

The Pennsylvania Legislature has passed a recent law encouraging home insurance companies, and we are glad that the wide-awake citizens of McKean county have organized a Fire Insurance Company under the new law; chartered by the State, and officered by experienced business men; men, who it is true, are mostly oil men, but wide awake enough to promote the interests of all channels of home industry. While it may be true that a dozen or two of men would not succeed in organizing a successful fire insurance company, provided no more than that number was interested in it. But on the other hand one thousand men or five thousand men can succeed in organizing an institution second in strength to none in the country in giving protection to our good citizens against loss from the elements of fire and lightning.

The Bradford Mutual Fire Insurance Company of McKean county has now fairly started in business and is doing business in this and adjoining counties; not doing a reckless business, but a safe and carefully selected business; not insuring buildings in frame rows in towns, but on farm property, detached dwellings, and mercantile property and such other detached property as is free from moral hazzard. The company is meeting with unlooked for success. Let the citizens of this county and adjoining counties make this company what it ought to be, (it is in their power so to do a safe, first-class home institution, keep money and labor at home, and strike at monopoly.

A COUNTRY CITIZEN.

LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE

UP KNAPP'S CREEK.

Eldred Items and Knapp's Creek Oil and Local Notes.

From our Regular Correspondent.

ELDRED, Pa., Aug. 27, 1878.

There is still life and animation about this town as new developments open up in this vicinity....There has been another well struck on Meeks creek on the Annis farm called the Nott well, and there are several more in progress....The wells on Barden brook are progressing slowly and we expect that they will be down this week....The Captain Sweet well on the Barrett lot, Indian Creek, is said to be good for 10 to 15 barrels....Preparations are now being made to develop the Littlefield well more satisfactorily; tools, &c., for the purpose are on the spot and men are expected on the ground immediately to draw the tubing and clean out the old hole that was filled up with sand and gravel last fall....I should have mentioned in connection with the Meeks Creek items that there is considerable excitement in regard to a certain lease, by certain parties in which I am informed that men are being mustered into actual service as fast as possible by the contending parties, to "hold the fort" at all hazards....There is to be a Sunday school picnic in the grove near the Littlefield crossing on Thursday, the 29th. There is also to be a grove meeting held on the same ground, on Saturday, the 31st inst. and Sunday, Sept. 1st.... There was a young married man died on Canfield Creek on Saturday evening last of typhoid fever. He was about 28 years of age, and left a wife and one child. His name was W. D. Merwin.....A boy 14 years of age named Jimmie Rigs was found dead, leaning over an oil tank. It is supposed that he was looking over the top into the tank to see the oil and was suffocated.....A young lady who had been learning telegraphy, died quite suddenly of fever at the Bennett House. She was about seventeen years of age....The Postoffice at Allegany Bridge has been very much improved. There are now 144 boxes and a new desk to write on. ....The front of the Hamlin drug store at Eldred is 54x40 feet and 35 feet high. When completed it will be a an elegant structure and capable of furnishing a large amount of room for business, and to rent for different purposes.... Mr. Charles Stewart is starting a new jewelry store in one side of the Blue Front drug store.....Tradesmen say that trade is quite good and times quite lively; improvement and new investments in lots for building purposes, &c., seem to be in order.....There is a noble frame up near the depot for a round-house, machine shop, &c., 61x40 feet and 36 feet high. ....L. L. Dennis has six pounds of girl, and Fred Sanderson eight pounds of boy. ....B. G. Spiller is putting up a new building to rent for a birch beer manufactory....There was an examination of teachers held at Eldred last Monday.

RIXFORD.

Improvements also are being made at this place....M. A. Atherly has a new house built near the depot for a residence. He is depot agent....The Cooper Bros., Nos. 1 and 2, are above the R. R. on the Duke purchase and doing 25 barrels..... Anderson, Otis & Mathers well about a mile above town is doing some 10 bbls. ....The Bar & Mills well near the depot is doing about 25 barrels....The Maple Tree well on McCullough is doing 15 barrels....It is said that the "ranch" at this place is as bad as the old one was before the arrest of the parties, and that there is so much noise and confusion during the night that families and boarders cannot sleep or rest.....The K. & E. R. R. is doing an extensive business. The cars are loaded with passengers each way.—The train coming east on Monday, the 26th, was delayed about a half an hour in consequence of the coach jumping the rails just below the Baker trestle, caused probably by a tie being loose and springing up the rail. Fortunately no one was hurt, but of course a little frightence.

ELDRED, Aug. 28

I met Mr. G. Evans with a gang of men from Moody brook, who are going up to the Littlefield well to commence operations to-day and have the necessary outfit with them from the Williams well to conduct the enterprise. I was informed by these men that the Williams well was 1710 feet deep. The first sand was struck at a depth of 75 feet, with a little oil, the second sand at 950 feet—a very nice sand but no oil—and the third sand at 1380 feet, the latter being 30 feet thick. The fourth sand was 50 feet thick and 1625 feet deep, with no oil or gas in either the third or fourth sand.....The plank road is graded up to the Windfall road and the plank laid up near John Heighaley's, about 1½ miles, and progressing all right....I learn this morning that Elder Bennett sold yesterday, the 26th, lots to the amount of $1300, including a lot near the oil well supply store for a tank machine shop, opposite the depot....The Cary well, No. 2, was struck yesterday morning on the Gale lot, Meeks Creek, and shows for a 20 bbl. well.

DELTA.

ANOTHER FAT MAN REDUCED.

H. A. Kafus, dealer in dry-goods, Woodhul, Ill., writes Botanic Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y., June 22d, 1878:—"*Gentlemen*—Please find inclosed $5.00, for which send me, by express, Anti-Fat. I have taken one bottle and I lost five and one quarter pounds."

Butter and Cheese Market.

LITTLE FALLS CHEESE AND BUTTER—August 26, CHEESE—The cheese market to-day was not so active as a week ago, and prices a little off. The offerings of factory cheese were eight thousand boxes. Sales were made at 8@8¼c, chiefly 8¼c. Of farm cheese, 445 boxes were sold at 7¼@8¼c; 8c being the governing price.

BUTTER—Butter was quoted at 19@21c for creamery; at 17@19c for dairy.

Petroleum Markets.

BRADFORD, Pa., Aug. 27, 9:40 p.m.—The pipe-line runs from the Bradford district to-day were 15,000 barrels: the shipments were 35,000 barrels. There was more offered than purchased at the ruling price of 99¾.

NEW-YORK, Aug. 27.—Petroleum dull and unchanged. Crude quoted at 6c. Refined at 10½c.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 27.—Petroleum unchanged. Quoted at 9c for Standard white.

OIL CITY, Aug. 27, 12:20 p.m.—Oil Quoted at $1.00bid.

TITUSVILLE, Aug. 25, 12:15 p. m.—Oil quoted at 99¾c bid.

PARKER, Aug. 27.—Oil quoted at 98¾.

MARRIED.

BENSON—MALANDER.—August 14th, by the Rev. C. Shack, at the residence of Mr. A. Carlson, in Clermont, Mr. A. Benson to Miss M. Malander, both of Hamlin, Pa.

WENDEL—BERLIN.—Aug. 19th, by the same, at the residence of the bride's parents in Clermont, Mr. P. Wendel to Miss A. Berlin, both of Clermont.

CARLSON—MALANDER.—Aug. 1st, at his residence in Clermont, Mr. A. Carlson to Miss C. Malander, of Hamlin, this county.

BUSINESS LOCAL.

—When you go to Olean stop at the Brunswick House, opposite the Union Depot, the most popular house in Olean. 31 tf

KEEP HIM AT A DISTANCE.

Grim Death now claiming so many victims by diseases of the stomach, bowels and kidneys does not visit those families who keep and use Dr. Fenner's Golden Relief. Price 25c and 50c.

Sold Under a Positive Guarantee

That scrofula, erysipelas, salt rheum, boils, pimples, ulcers and all humors of the skin can be *permanently* cured by the use of PARMELEE'S GREAT BLOOD and LIVER PURIFIER. It is well known that all these diseases arise from an impure and disordered state of the blood, and it is also known that unless we strike at the foundation of them no permanent relief can be expected.

For purifying the blood we cheerfully recommend this great and efficient remedy, feeling certain that if given a fair trial, wonderful cures will be the sure result.

If after a *fair* trial has been given, no relief is experienced, return to us the empty bottle and we will refund your money.

Price $1.00 per bottle. Sample bottles 15 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa. 15-15 e o w, 1 y

A Merry Heart.

Solomon says "A merry heart maketh a glad countenance," but the heart is not apt to be merry if one is suffering from dyspepsia, biliousness, indigestion or liver complaint, or if sleep is disturbed or unrefreshing. The most frequent cause of sleeplessness is dyspepsia, of which all medical writers declare it to be a sure symptom. For the certain cure of these distressing maladies, we have never yet discovered a medicine to equal PARMELEE'S DYSPEPSIA COMPOUND. Its influence is truly wonderful and all that could be desired. In invigorates the digestive organs and imparts new life to the whole system; it is also a great regulating tonic and holds the foremost place among medicinal preparations of its class.

We are so confident that it will give satisfaction in every case that we invite you to try it. If not entirely satisfactory, return the empty bottle, and we will refund the money. Sample bottles 15 cents; regular size, $1.00. For sale by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa 15-15 e o w, 1 y

Geo. D. Prentice speaks of Time as "The Tomb Builder." We suggest to mothers that FIFTEEN MINUTES of precious time may build a tomb for the dear form that now sleeps so gently, should Croup in its worst type attack it. How will you guard against the destroyer? DARE YOU neglect to use every known precaution? It is not possible to have a physician always at hand. Frequently the time taken in calling one, would be the death of the child. We assume the grave responsibility of saying to these mothers, that Hatch's Universal Cough Syrup is as nearly a specific as has yet been discovered for this dread disease. We should not say this without positive knowledge. This medicine has been tested for fourteen years, and thousands are quieted nightly by the fact that they have it in reach for immediate use. Every mother songs for a safeguard of this kind. Regular sizes and 10 cent samples for sale by Armstrong & Co., Smethport, Pa.

For Generations Diseases arising from indiscretion have been treated with Balsam Copaiba and Mercury, until the stomachs of the patients using them became so nauseated and weakened that it was hard to decide which was the worst complaint, the disordered stomach or the original disease. At length the Samaritan's Gift made its advent, and an entirely new system of cure was inaugurated, and the beneficial results at once seen. The disgusting drugs and poisons were discarded, and to-day the Gift is prescribed by numbers of the leading Physicians; yet, notwithstanding the Samaritan's Gift is known to be a positive cure, purely vegetable, and pleasant to use, as only ten pills have to be taken, many old anti-diluvians will stick to their sickening drugs and gorge their patients for weeks, perhaps months. Has a long job and a big bill anything to do with it? Male packages $2; Female $3. Sent by mail to any address by Desmond & Co. 915 Race st., Philadelphia.

Shakespeare's Last.

If you're a pilgrim and a stranger
And many miles from the farm,
Be you a producer or a granger
If you're at Olean stop with F. M. Arne.
Brunswick House Olean, N. Y.
31 tf

—Brunswick House, the only popular hotel in Olean. Opposite the Union Depot. 31 tf

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy, for the speedy and permanent cure for consumption, bronchitis, catarrh, asthma, and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for nervous debility and all nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive, and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send, free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, with full directions for preparing and using, in German, French or English. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. W. Sherar, 149 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y. 15-36 eow26t.

To the Ladies of McKean County.

C. T. Smith is here for the purpose of introducing Dr. Pancoast's "Ladies' Medical Guide," a work of rare merit, containing 600 pages and 100 illustrations, Dr. P. enjoying advantages possessed perhaps by few other physicians in the United States in respect to information of this peculiar character; hence he can safely say that all that is known of a truthful and reliable nature will be found embraced in this volome. All the prominent diseases of females are noted, the symptoms given, and the means for their cure and amelioration suggested, with much valuable information as to pregnancy and the proper management of infants. Also treatment of the hair and skin. It gives all information to females from the cradle to the grave. Price $2.00. Sent by mail, or delivered on application. Address C. T. SMITH, 38t3 Smethport, Pa.

HARD and SOFT COAL

We are now prepared to furnish first quality

Anthracite and Bituminous Coal,

for CASH, on delivery, at the following prices, which are subject to change of market:

Hard Coal, per ton		Soft Coal, per ton	
Lump	$5 70	Lump	$2 25
Grate	5 45	Run of mines	2 35
Egg	5 45	Nut and Slack	2 60
Stove	6 70	Slack	2 20
Chestnut	5 85		

A reduction made on car lots. Fifty cents additional for delivery.

45] GODDEN & McCLURE.

Legal

In Bankruptcy.

District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

This is to give notice, that on the 19th day of August, A. D. 1878, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Mortimer B. Birdseye of Bradford in the county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at office of J. C. Sturgeon, Esq., Bradford, Pa., before H. E. Woodruff, Esq., Register, on the 2d day of September, A. D. 1878, at 2 o'clock p. m.

JOHN HALL,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 22, 1878.—42 l-2

In Bankruptcy.

District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania:

This is to give notice, that on the 19th day of August A.D. 1878, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Olin J. Wilcox of Bradford, in the county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at office of J. C. Sturgeon, Esq., Bradford, Pa., before H. E. Woodruff, Esq., Register, on the 1st day of October, A. D. 1878, at 2 o'clock p. m.

JOHN HALL,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 22, 1878.—1542 l-2

In Bankruptcy

District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

This is to give notice, that on the 19th day of Aug., A. D. 1878, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Charles D. Webster, of Bradford, in the county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one of more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of J. C. Sturgeon, Esq., Bradford, Pa., before H. E. Woodruff, Esq., Register, on the 1st day of October, A. D. 1878, at 2 o'clock p. m.

JOHN HALL,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

Pittsburgh, Aug 22, 1878.—43 (3

In Bankruptcy.

District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania:

This is to give notice, that on the 19th day of August, A. D. 1878, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Richard W. Ayres, of Derrick City in the County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition; that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees, of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of J. C. Sturgeon, Esq., Bradford, Pa., before H. E. Woodruff, Esq., Register, on the 1st day of October, A. D. 1878, at 2 o'clock p. m.

JOHN HALL,
U. S. Marshal as Messenger.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 22, 1878.—43 (3

Dissolution of Partnership.

The undersigned heretofore doing business under the firm name of Hebe, Dimon & Co., in the business of tank & wheel building, have this day dissolved the said co-partnership, and Dimon & Dumas, have this day assumed all liabilities of said firm, and are authorized to collect all debts due said firm. Dimon & Dumas will conduct said business from and after this date.

John J. Hebe,
Frank E Dimon,
V. T. Dumas, Jr.

Bixford, August 1, 1878.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF Valuable Personal Property.

Notice of Administrator's sale of the personal estate of Serepta Koon, deceased:

Notice is hereby given that S. D. Freeman, administrator, cum testamento annexo, of the estate of Serepta Koon, deceased, will sell the personal estate of said decedent, consisting of one cook stove and furniture, a number of chairs, a quantity of lumber, bedding, farming implements, &c., &c., at public vendue, at the house on the farm lately occupied by said decedent, on FRIDAY, THE 31st DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1878. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a. m. of said day. Terms of sale—cash.

S. D. FREEMAN,
43 tz] Adm'r, cum testamento annexo.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF Valuable Real Estate.

S. D. Freeman, Administrator of the estate of Serepta Koon, deceased, late of McKean county, will sell at public vendue, on the real estate of the said Serepta Koon, deceased, situate, lying and being in Otto township, McKean county and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, described as follows to-wit: Bounded on the north by lot No. 218, contracted to be sold to Henry Morse, and lot No. one of the allotment of the lands of the Bingham estate in Otto township, east by lot No. 207, south by lot No. 116, in possession of Mrs. James McCord, and by lot No. 226 conveyed to J. M. & C. W. Right, and west by said lot No. 226, containing sixty and two-tenths acres, be the same more or less, being lot No. 208 of the allotment of the Bingham lands in Otto township, and part of warrants 3168 and 3651; having thereon a two story and one-half frame house, a good spring of water and some fruit trees, about twenty acres improved. To be sold subject to a claim of the estate of A. N. Taylor, deceased, for purchase money, said claim being about $100.00 and interest from April, 1876. To be sold on the premises on FRIDAY, THE 31st DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1878. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock p. m. of said day. Terms of sale—cash on confirmation of Administrator's deed.

S D FREEMAN,
43 Adm'r, cum testamento annexo

Court Proclamation.

The Hon. HENRY W. WILLIAMS, President Judge, and the Hons. W. S. BROWNELL and E. N. BURNHAM, Associate Judges of the Courts of Over and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the County of McKean, have issued their precept, bearing date Friday, June 21, 1878, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Over and Terminer and Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court, and Court of Common Pleas, in the Borough of Smethport on Monday, the 23d day of September, 1878, and to continue one week.

Notice is therefore hereby given to Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constables within the county that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock a.m. of said day, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other remembrances, to do those things which their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizances to prosecute the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of said county of McKean are to be then and there to prosecute against them as will be just.

Dated at Smethport, June 21, 1878, and the 102d year of the Independence of the United States of America. C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Administrator's Notice.

Whereas letters of administration have been issued to the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Serepta Koon, deceased, late of Otto township, McKean county, Pa., all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same duly authenticated, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

S. D. FREEMAN,
42-6t Administrator.

Executor's Notice.

Whereas letters testamentary to the estate of Silas Kinney, late of Annin township, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent will make known the same, without delay, to

HENRY M. KINNEY, Executor,
at Annin Creek, Pa.,
or S. W. Smith, Att'y for Estate, at Fort Allegany.—39-6t.

Stockholders' Meeting.

To the Stockholders of the Duke Center and Eldred Plank Road Co.:

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the above named Company will be held on the FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER, 1878, at the Law Office of S. E. Cheeseman, in Duke Center, at which meeting a vote will be taken as to whether the capital stock of said Company shall be increased.

Dated Duke Center, July 22, 1878.

L. R. ANDERSON, Pres't.
S. E. CHEESEMAN, Sec'y. 38-(3t)

ESTRAY.

Came into my enclosure at Prentice Vale, one stag about three years old, roan color. Owner will please call, pay charges, prove property and take him away.

WILLIAM LOVEJOY.
Prentice Vale, Aug. 22, 1878.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for a charter erecting a corporation to be known as the Smethport Water and Gas-light and Heat Company, said company to be located in the borough of Smethport, McKean county, Pennsylvania, and its object and business to be the supplying of the Borough of Smethport and its citizens with water, gas-light and heat WM. HASKILL.

15-4t

Western District of Pennsylvania

GAMBLING AT MONACO.

The Game and the Appearance of the Players.

The players seemed to be no novices at the business, or at least a large majority of them had evidently played often before. A majority of them were old men and elderly women, and all seemed to be of the higher walks of life. The ladies wore diamonds in profusion, and were mostly dressed very elegantly. One old lady was dressed in deep mourning, with long crape veil. At several of the tables man and wife were seated side by side, both making ventures, and sometimes one winning and the other losing, and to all outward appearances wholly indifferent as to whether they lost or won. If gambling is exciting, not one of these hundred or more players looked as if they took the slightest interest in what they were doing. Their countenances were just as immovable when they won as when they lost. They were all as calm as a summer's morn, and not a muscle moved, or frown contracted their features when they lost heavily. They seemed all like automatons, paying no attention to anything but the cards with printed figures which they had before them, in which they would stick a pin after each bet, the meaning of which a spectator could, of course, not understand. It was evident, however, from the fact that most of the players used these cards, that there must be some system of calculation on which they expect to win, and which governs the direction of their betting. Among all the players, not less than one hundred, at the roulette tables there was but one man who appeared to be steadily winning. He was a young man, about twenty-five years of age, and his wife was seated by his side, sticking pins in a card and occasionally whispering advice or instructions to him. They always bet gold, and at times would put down as much as twenty napoleons; and again reduce their venture to one gold piece. They went on winning, and were still winning when we left the saloon, having before them a large pile of gold. They neither looked to the right or the left, nor showed any signs of gratification, but went on steadily with the work before them.—Baltimore *American*.

Taxing the Bonds.

Every Greenback orator, whether he has ever seen a bond or not, and a great many other men possessed of sounder financial views, are claiming that the government bonds should be taxed. As most men are perfectly willing that other people's property should be taxed to the uttermost, this doctrine is popular even if it is unjust. Would it be right to tax the government bonds? Would it be politic? Would it even be economical? A casual glance at the subject would lead one to suppose that the taxation of government bonds would lighten the taxation of the masses. Even for bondholders this life is not entirely rosy, and we should carefully examine as to our rights and interests in placing an additional thorn in their path. The government bonds are open to all who have money to invest, and because they are not taxed they are placed at a low rate of interest. In fact, a tax has been collected on every one of them the moment it is sold, the fact that they are not otherwise taxed reducing their annual interest charge, which the government has to bear. A capitalist, like Ben. Butler, for instance, who does not own government bonds, does not simply because he can do better, as he thinks, with his money. It may be that Smith, who owns manufacturing stocks or railroad bonds, gets no income this year, while Jones, who owns government bonds, gets his four or five per cent. as usual. This certainty of income is one of the elements which enables the government to get money at such low rates. Some people, including many of moderate means, think more of certainty than of high rates of interest. In this light would it pay to tax the bonds? The effect would be to raise the rate of interest or prevent the reduction, more than the tax levied, which would require more revenue and more machinery to collect it.

It is true that the taxation of the bonds might throw upon the market some of the money now invested therein; but the government would be unable to fund its debt at so low a rate of interest as now, and thus the burden of the people would be but shifted to the other shoulder.

Circulating the Silver.

The Treasury Department has paid out upwards of $1,000,000 in standard silver dollars during the present month. Much of this amount has been circulated through the National banks, named as depositories, to whom it is sent free of cost for transportation. Had the department the power to extend the same terms to private individuals it would have been possible to put a much larger amount in circulation. Another drawback has been that the banks themselves could not get a larger amount of silver than their securities on deposit with the Department would cover.

The Treasury has also steadily refused to exchange the silver dollars for one or two dollar greenbacks as there is no desire to reduce the amount of this circulation.

It is considered that the placing of a million dollars of this coin in one month with orders on hand for a million more does not indicate that it will be impossible to get the standard silver dollar in circulation.

Words of Wisdom.

Idleness is Hunger's mother, and of Theft its full brother.

No man can be provident as to time who is not careful as to company.

One bell serves a parish, and one helping hand serves many a cause.

To quell the pride even of the greatest, we should reflect how much more we owe to others than to ourselves.

Prejudices are like rats, and a man's mind like a trap; they get in easily, and then perhaps can't get out at all.

Have not thy cloak to make when it begins to rain.

Constantly choose rather to want less than to have more.

The touchstone by which men try us, is most often their own vanity.

Children are unconscious philosophers. They refuse to pull to pieces their enjoyments to see what they are made of.

O this itch of the ear that breaks out at the tongue! Were not curiosity so over-busy, detraction would soon be starved to death.

What Voices Indicate.

There are light, quick, surface voices that involuntarily seem to utter, "I won't do to tie to." The man's words may assure you of his strength of purpose, yet his tone contradicts his very speech.

Then there are low, deep, strong voices where the words seem ground out as if the man owed a grudge, and meant to pay it some day. That man's opponents may tremble, and his friends trust his ability to act.

There is the coarse, boisterous, dictatorial tone invariably adopted by vulgar people who have not sufficient cultivation to even understand their insignificance.

There is the incredulous tone is that always full of covert sneers, or secrets, "you can't dupe me, sir," intonation.

Then there is a whining, beseeching voice that says "syncophant" as plainly as if it uttered the word. It cajoles and flatters you; and says, "I love you; I admire you; you are everything that you should be."

Then there is the tender, musical, compassionate voice that sometimes goes with sharp features and sometimes with blunt features, always with genuine benevolence.

If you are full of affectation and pretense, your voice proclaims it.

If you are cold and calm and firm and persistent, or fickle and foolish and deceptive, your voice will be equally truthtelling.

THAT great luminary of Democracy, J. S. Black, says of General Grant: "Mr. Grant, in his personal character, is the most upright President we have had for forty years. There was stealing all around him, but not a penny could be traced to him. Almost alone he stands unsinged, the only person who could stand the heat of the fiery furnace." Let those Democrats who froth at the mouth when the conquerer of Lee and the rebellion is mentioned read the sentences above quoted, and then do a little honest thinking.

A San Francisco paper has received a letter from a soldier in Idaho stating he wishes to secure a wife. "My time," says this Benedict, "is nearly out, and I intend to settle in this country. I intend to start a chicken ranch. I want a wife to take care of young chickens. I have got money. My wife will not have much to do—only milk nine cows, feed 600 of young chickens, chop her firewood, cook three meals every day, and the rest of the time she can go out among her neighbors."

Miscellaneous.

BUFFALO

Type & Electrotype

FOUNDRY,

36 & 38 West Seneca St. Buffalo, N. Y.

PRINTING MATERIAL OF ALL KINDS FROM THE BEST MATERIAL AND FURNISHED AT SHORT NOTICE. ALSO MAILING TYPE.

N. LYMAN'S SONS, - Prop's.

1530-1y

NOTICE

TO CONSUMERS

—OF—

LORILLARD TOBACCO

The great celebrity of our TIN TAG TOBACCO has caused many imitations thereof to be placed on the market, we therefore caution all chewers against purchasing such imitations.

All dealers buying or selling other than tobacco bearing a hard or metallic label, render themselves liable to the penalty of the Law, and all persons violating our trade marks are punishable by a fine and imprisonment. *See Act of Congress, August 14, 1876.*

The genuine LORILLARD TIN TAG TOBACCO can be distinguished by a TIN TAG on each lump with the word LORILLARD stamped thereon.

Over 7,088 tons tobacco sold in 1877, and nearly 9,000 persons employed in factories.

Taxes paid Gov't in 1877 about $3,000,000, and during past 12 years, over $20,000,000.

These good sold by all jobbers at manufacturers. ☞ *The Tin Tag Smoking Tobacco* "seemed to more" in *aroma, mildness, purity & quality.* 15-19m3

GREAT

SUMMER RESORT

—HO—

JUST OPENED AT

ROCK VIEW.

G. W. SCHWENKE : Prop'r

This splendid Resort is situated of the

OLEAN, BRADFORD & WARREN RAILWAY,

about half way between Olean and Bradford.

Travelers, Tourists, Pleasure and Picnic Parties

will find it the most Pleasant Resort ever visited. It is under the management of the little man that runs five Hotels.

YOU CAN get your Job Printing done at the MINER office in city style and at city prices

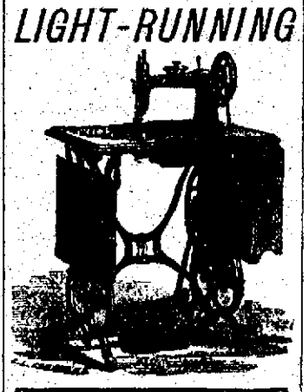
Miscellaneous.

HEALTHFUL, PRACTICAL.

A FAMILY FRIEND.

THE

LIGHT-RUNNING



"DOMESTIC"

SEWING MACHINE.

Double Thread, Lock Stitch; Automatic Self-Adjusting Tension and Take-up; Conical Steel Bearings, and Compensating Journals.

It does not Fatigue!!!

It does not make you Nervous!!!

LIGHT-RUNNING, NOISELESS.

None run it but to love it;

None know it but to praise.

THE

"DOMESTIC"

Is the most desirable and efficient machine made, for these reasons:

It is made of the *choicest materials*, and by the *best workmen*.

It is the *simplest* in construction, and *most reliable* in its action.

It requires almost *no adjusting*, and yet does *every* variety of work.

It is *noiseless, rapid*, and will *outwear* any other machine.

It is the *easiest running* of machines, and *saves muscle* and *nerves*, which are more valuable than money.

It has *never* failed to give *perfect satisfaction*.

Every machine *warranted*.

☞ Physicians recommend it for its light-running and noiseless qualities.

Send for a copy of "How to Choose a Sewing Machine."

"Domestic" Sewing Machine Co.,

NEW YORK.

"DOMESTIC" Paper Fashions,

"Domestic" PAPER Fashions,

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The most stylish and best fitting,

In endless variety. Send 5 cents for large Illustrated Catalogue of 1000 Styles.

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An Instructive and Entertaining Illustrated Magazine of Fashion, Polite Literature, and Art. $1.50 a Year, with PREMIUM. Specimen Copy, 15 cents.

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Sewing Machine Co.,

HOME OFFICE,

Broadway and 14th St., New York.

U can make money faster at work for us than a anything else. Capital not required; we will start you. $12 per day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & Co. Augusta, Maine.

$66 a week in your own town. $5 Outfit free. No risk. Reader if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. 15-21 y 1

M. L. ARMSTRONG

Dealer in

AND

ELGIN WATCHES,

Agent for

ITHACA CALENDAR CLOCKS

in McKean County.

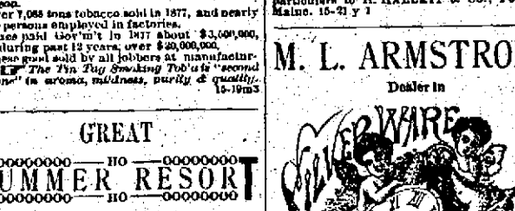
Repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry a specialty.

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS.

Health and Happiness are priceless Wealth to their possessors, and yet they are within the reach of every one who will use

WRIGHT'S LIVER PILLS,

The only sure CURE for Torpid Liver, Dyspepsia, Headache, Sour Stomach, Constipation, Debility, Nausea, and all *Bilious complaints* and Blood disorders. None genuine unless signed "Wm. Wright, Phila." If your Druggist will not supply send 25 cents for one box to Barrick, Roller & Co., 70 N. 4th St. Phila. 15-22 y 1



Mechanical Work a Specialty,

Lines of Travel.

Smethport & McK. & B. Depot 'Bus

Stages run to and from all regular trains Until further notice a conveyance will leave the Bennett House and Wright House as follow

7:45 and 11:15 a.m. & 2:00 p.m.

All orders left at the post office or either of the above hotels will receive prompt attention.

F. VICKRY, Proprieto.

McKEAN & BUFFALO RAILROAD Time table went into effect Monday, July 15, 1878, at 5.30, o'clock a.m.

SOUTHWARD.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	LOCAL.	ACCOM.
Larrabee, L've	11.35 a.m	6.30 a.m	5.30pm
Frisbee	11.40	3.36 †..	6 25...
Cory's	11.42 "	.....	6 41...
Farmers Valley	11.51	3.48 †..	6 51...
Smethport	12.05	4.00 †....	7 00...
Crosby	12.15 "	4.16 "	.....
Colegrove	12.18	4.21 †	.....
Hamlin	12.21"	4.25 "	.....
Wernwag	12.40"	4.46 "	.....
Clermont, Arr	12.55	7.00	.....

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	LOCAL.	ACCOM.
Clermont, Lve	1.20 p.m	7.20 a.m	.....
Wernwag	1.35"	7.30 "	.....
Hamlin	1.40 "	7.50 †	.....
Colegrove	1.50	7.50 †....	.....
Crosby	1.55 "	8.01 †	.....
Smethport	2.15	8.25	9.05 pm
Farmers Valley	2.26	8.39	9.14 ....
Cory's	2.36	.....	9.22 ....
Frisbee	2.38	8.51	9.25 ....
Larrabee, Arr	2.45	9.00	9.35 ....

Trains will not stop at stations marked with a star (*). Trains will stop at stations marked thus (†) when flagged.

S. V. GODDEN, *Superintendent*

Olean, Bradford and Warren Railway Time-Table.

TRAINS LEAVE BRADFORD AS FOLLOWS:

6 30 a m, Express, arriving at Olean at 8 20 a m making close connections for Buffalo.

7 30 a m, Accommodation arriving at Red Rock at 8 05.

10 30 a m, Accommodation arriving at Red Rock at 11 00.

2 00 p m Mail arriving at Olean at 3 50 p m making close connection for Buffalo.

3 00 p m Express arriving at Olean at 6 50.

5 30 p m Accommodation arriving at Red Rock at 6 00.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT BRADFORD AT

8 35 a m Accommodation leaves Red Rock at 8 10.

9 35 a m Express leaves Olean at 7 35.

11 45 a m Accommodation leaves Red Rock at 11 15.

12 40 p m Mail leaves Olean at 10 50. Train leaving Buffalo at 7 30 on the R. N. Y. & P. Railroad connects with this train.

3 30 p m Accommodation leaves Red Rock at 4 00.

6 50 p m Accommodation leaves Red Rock at 5 30.

9 00 p m Express leaves Olean at 8 00. Train leaving Buffalo at 4 35 on R. N. Y. & P. Railroad connects with this train.

Bradford Branch.

WESTWARD.

STATIONS.	am	am	pm	pm	pm	pm
Carrollton, L've	9 30	3 33	5 10	12 25	6 25	10 27
Limestone "	7 51	10 22	4 32	12 38	8 42	10 55
Babcock "	10 15	10 50	4 43	12 48	8 50	....
Kendall "	10 12	11 20	4 52	43 7	8 50	11 12
Bradford, Arr	10 15	11 30	4 55	1 00	9 00	11 37
Bradford, L've	10 45	....	4 55	1 27	....	....
DeGolia "	11 05	....	5 08	1 30	....	....
Custer City "	11 10	.....	5 10	1 35	....	....
Lewis Run "	11 25	.....	5 25	....	....	....
Big Shanty "	11 37	.....	5 36	....	....	....
Crawfords "	11 45	.....	5 41	....	....	....
Alton "	12 15	.....	6 51	....	....	....
Gilesville Arr	12 25	.....	6.05	....	....	....

EASTWARD.

STATIONS	am	am	am	pm	pm	pm
Gilesville, L've	6 40	....	....	....	....	....
Alton "	6 46	....	....	....	1 50	....
Crawfords "	6 55	....	....	....	2 05	....
Big Shanty "	7 12	....	....	....	2 22	....
Lewis Run "	7 20	....	....	....	2 31	....
Custer City "	7 18	....	....	....	2 45	3 45
DeGolia "	7 36	....	....	....	1 50	3 00
Bradford, Arr	7 55	....	....	....	2 00	4 05
Bradford, L've	8 00	6 20	0 25	2 20	5 00	6 20
Kendall "	8 00	6 25	6 35	2 25	5 08	6 30
Babcock "	8 13	6 31	6 50	2 32	5 35	....
Limestone "	8 31	6 39	7 05	2 39	5 48	6 47
Carrollton, Arr	8 45	7 00	7 35	3 00	6 05	7 00

SUNDAYS.

A train will leave Custer City at 9 45 a m, arriving at Carrollton 10 50 a m. Leave Carrollton 4 00 p m, arriving at Bradford 4 45, and Custer City 5 00 p m.

Trains 20 and 21 run daily.

☞ Through tickets to all points at the very lowest Rates, for sale at the Company's office at the depot.

Baggage will be checked only on tickets purchased at the Company's office.

JNO. N. ABBOTT, General Passenger Agent, N. Y.

BUFFALO, NEW YORK & PHILA. R'Y.

March 5, 1878.

TRAINS RUN ON BUFFALO TIME.

NO TRAINS ON SUNDAY.

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Buffalo 7:45 a. m.—Mail.—Arriving at Ebenezer, 8.02; Springbrook, 8.21; Elma, 8.18; Jamison's, 8.33; Aurora, 8.50; Wales, 8.45; Holland, 8.55; Protection, 9.03; Arcade, 9.15; Yorkshire, 9.22; Machias, 9.30; Franklinville, 9.43; Ischua, 9.59; Hinsdale, 10.11; Erie R'y Junct., 10.25, Olean, 10.39; Weston's, 10.38; Portville, 10.45; State Line, 10.53; Eldred, 11.05; Larrabees, 11.16; Sartwell, 11.25; Turtle Point, 11.27; Port Allegany, 11.40; Liberty, 11.50; Keating, 12.05; Shippen, 12.32; P. M. Emporium, 12.35; connecting at Olean with Erie Railway East and West; and with Olean, Bradford & Warren R. R. for the New Oil Territory, arriving at Bradford at 12.15; p.m. at Larrabees with McKean & Buffalo R. R; at Emporium with Philadelphia & Erie R. R.

Leave Buffalo 4:35 p. m.—Port Allegany Express.—Arriving at Ebenezer, 4.52; Springbrook, 5.02; Elma, 5.09; Jamison's, 5.15; Aurora, 5.33; Wales, 5.39; Holland, 5.49; Protection, 5.55; Arcade, 6.09; Yorkshire, 6.17; Machias, 6.26; Franklinville, 6.42; Ischua, 7.00; Hinsdale, 7.14; Erie R'y Junct. 7.25; Olean, 7.30; Weston's, 7.40; Portville, 7.47; State Line, 7 58; Eldred, 8.11; Larrabees, 8.21; Sartwell, 8.27; Turtle Point, 8.29; Port Allegany, 8.45; p.m connecting at Olean with Olean, Bradford & Warren R. R. arriving in Bradford at 8.25 p.m.

NORTHWARD.

Leave Port Allegany 6:00 a. m.—Express.—Arriving at Turtle Point 5.49; Sartwell, 5.54; Larrabees, 6.00; Eldred, 6.19; State Line, 6.32; Portville, 6.45; Weston's, 6.49; Olean, 7.00; Erie R'y Junct. 8.04; Hinsdale, 8.16; Ischua, 8.37; Franklinville, 8.49; Machias, 9.05; Yorkshire, 9 18; Arcade, 9.25; Protection, 9.37; Holland, 9.47; Wales, 9.53; Aurora, 10.10; Buffalo, 10.50 a.m. The Olean, Bradford & Warren train leaving Bradford at 8.00 a.m. makes direct connection at Olean with this train.

Leave Emporium 1:25 p. m.—Mail—Arriving at Shippen, 1.41; Keating, 1.59; Liberty, 2.07; Port Allegany, 2.25; Turtle Point, 2.36; Sartwell, 2.48; Larrabees, 2.57; Eldred, 3.09; state Line, 3.17; Portville, 3.29 Weston's, 3.36; Olean, 3.40; Erie R'y Junct., 3.44; Hinsdale, 3.58; Ischua, 4.10; Franklinville, 4.27; Machias, 4.42; Yorkshire, 4.52; Arcade, 4.59; Protection, 5.12; Holland, 5.22; Wales, 5.35; Aurora, 5.46; Jamison's, 5.53; Elma, 5.57; Springbrook, 6.05; Ebenezer, 6.13; Buffalo, 6.50 p.m. P. & E. R. R. train from the East and South makes direct connection at Emporium with the above train, as do also the McKean & Buffalo R.R. train at Larrabees, the Erie Railway trains from the East and West at Olean. Bradford & Warren train leaving Bradford at 2.00 p.m.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

On and after Sunday, May 26th 1878, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia		11.55 p. m
" " "	Warren		4.45 p. m
" " "	Irvineton		5.00 p. m
" " "	Corry		6.00 p.m
" " "	arr. at Erie		7.35 p. m
ERIE ACCOM leaves	Kane		6.20 a. m
" " "	Warren		7.45 a. m
" " "	Irvineton		8.05 a. m
" " "	Corry		9 0 a. m
" "	arr. at Erie		10 35 a. m
	EASTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves	Erie		11.30 a.m
" " "	Corry		1.10 p. m
" " "	Irvineton		2 03 p. m
" " "	Warren		2 20 p. m
" "	arr. at Philadelphia		7.40 a. m
KANE ACCOM.	leaves Erie		4.10 p. m
" " "	Corry		6 00 p.m
" " "	Irvineton		7.03 p. m
" " "	Warren		7.20 p. m
" "	arr. at Kane		8.00 p. m

Mail East connects east and west at Erie with L. S. & M. S. R. W., and at Corry with P. T. & E. R. W.

Mail West with east and west trains on L. S. & M. S. R. W., and at Corry with O. C. & A. & G. W. Rail way.

Erie and Kane Accommodation with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. W. east and west, and at Corry with P. T. & E. R. W.

NOTE.—The leaving time at Erie is Philadelphia time, which is twenty minutes faster than Erie time.

Wm. A. BALDWIN, Gn'l Supt.

Lines of Travel.

THE ERIE RAILWAY

Will hereafter be known by its new name,

New York, Lake Erie & Western R.R'd

Abstract of Time Table, Adopted June 2, 1878.

PULLMAN'S BEST DRAWING ROOM and SLEEPING COACHES, combining all modern improvements, are run through without change between Salamanca, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Susquehanna Bridge, Cleveland, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Chicago and New York. *Hotel* Dining Coaches between Chicago and New York.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS	No. 8, †	No. 12.*	No. 4.	No. 6.
D'Kirk, L've	1.05 p. m	.....	7.05 a. m.	
Lt Val. "	2.53 "	.....	8.48 "	
Salam'ca"	7.35am	3.55 p. m.	.....	9.12 "
Olean "	8.40 "	4.59 "	.....	10.01 "
Cuba "	9.07 "	5.30 "	.....	10.33 "
Genesee "	10.03 "	6.20 "	.....	11.32 "
Andover"	.....	.....	.....	12.02 pm
H'ls'le L've	11.06am	6.35 p m	12.36am	1.50
Elmira Arr.	1.07pm	8.07 "	2.30 "	4.30
Binghton "	2.54 "	10.05 "	4.23 "	7.30
N'wJervis"	7.15 "	2.35 a m	8.15 "	.....
New York"	10.35pm	7.25 a m	12.25p m	.....

ADDITIONAL LOCAL TRAINS EASTWARD.

5.30 a m, except Sundays, from Dunkirk. Stopping at Sherman 6.41, Forestville 6.56, smith's Mills 7.05, Perrysburg 7.10, Dayton 7.27, Cattaraugus 8.37, Little Valley 9.20, Salamanca 10.27, Great Valley 10.46, Carrollton 11.20, Vandalia 11.45, Allegany 12.10, 2 p m, Olean 12.45, Hinsdale 1.05, Cuba 1.25, Friendship 1.35, Belvidere 1.50, Phillipsville 2.03, Scio 2.20, Genesee 2.47, Andover 3.02, Alfred 3.42, Almond 3.56, and arriving at Hornellsville at 4.30 p m.

8 15 a m, daily from Salamanca. Stopping at all stations, arriving at Hornellsville at 12 15 p m.

8 25 a m, daily from Friendship. Stops at Belvidere 9 44, Phillipsville 7 01, Scio 7 20, and arrives at Genesee at 7 55 a m.

9 30 a m, daily from Dunkirk. Stops at Sheridan 9 37, Forrestville 9 50, smith's Mills 10 05, Perrysburg 10 27, Dayton 10 40, Cattaraugus 11 00, Little Valley 11 17, Salamanca 11 43, Great Valley 12 33, Carrollton 12 50, Vandalia 12 57, Allegany 1 20, Olean 1 05 p m, Hinsdale 1 30, Cuba 2 22, Friendship 3 00, Belvidere 3 20, Phillipsville 3 35, Scio 3 55, Genesee 4 10, Andover 4 40, Alfred 5 19, Almond 5 36, arriving at Hornellsville at 6 20 p m.

2 15 p m, daily from Dunkirk. Stopping at Sheridan 2 51, Forrestville 3 02, smith's Mills 3 20, Perrysville 3 16, Dayton 3 25, Cattaraugus 11 00, Little Valley 11 26, and arriving at connections at 4 50 p m.

5 05 p m. daily from Dunkirk. Stops at all stations, arriving at Carrollton at 6 20 p m.

5 30 p m, except Sundays, From Carrollton. Stops at Vandalia 6 42, Allegany 6 45, Olean 6 55.

WESTWARD.

STATIONS.	No. 3.*	No. 9. †	1.*
New Y'k L've	7.00 p.m.	7.00 p.m.	9.00a.m.
N'w Jervis "	10.55 "	"	12.15 p m
H'rville L've	8.15 am	12.30pm	6.55 pm
Andover L've	.....	1.05 p m	.....
Genesee "	9.17 "	1.54 "	8.07 pm
Cuba "	10.17 "	2.52 "	10.02 "
Olean..... "	10.50 "	3.30 "	11.15 "
G'e Valley "	11.11 "	3.55 "	.....
Salamanca Arr.	11.30 "	4.40 "	11.50 "
Cleveland "	7.05 p m	.....	.....
Cincinnati "	6.00 a m	.....	.....
G'e Valley L've	11.57 p m	4.15 a m	12.22 am
Dunkirk Arr.	1.30 "	5.55 p m	2.30 "

ADDITIONAL LOCAL TRAINS WESTWARD

5.20 a m, except Sundays from Hornellsville, stopping at Almond 5.36, Alfred 6.35, Andover 7.10, Genesee 8.05, Scio 8.40, Phillipsville 8.55, Belvidere 9.05, Friendship 10.10, Cuba 11.17, Hinsdale 11.35, Olean, 11.52, Allegany 12.45 p m, Allegany 12.49, Vandalia 1.20, Carrollton 2.05, Great Valley 2.56, Salamanca 4.10, Little Valley 5.00, Cattaraugus 5.32, Dayton 7.05, Perrysburg 7.19, smith's Mills 7.35, Forrestville 8.17, Sheridan 8.37, and arriving at Dunkirk at 9.00 p m.

7 05 a m, from Carrollton, stops at all stations, arriving at Dunkirk at 8 15.

8 05 a m, except Sundays, from Olean, Allegany 8 49, Vandalia 9 01, arriving at Carrollton 9 10 p m.

4 00 p m, daily from Hornellsville, stops at all stations, arriving at Salamanca 10 50 p m.

Sundays train 1 will run between Salamanca and Dunkirk.

CARL SASSE

House Painter and Decorator,

Smethport, Pa.

PAINTING AND GRAINING

in all styles done to order

BLACK WALNUT, CHESTNUT, OAK, ASH, &c., imitated perfectly.

Kalsomining and Paper Hanging

in every style.

SIGN PAINTING A SPECIALTY.

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A. B. ARMSTRONG'S

LEADING

DRUG STORE OF THE COUNTY,

No. 1 Union Block, Smethport, Penna.,

CAN BE FOUND THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

Drugs and Medicines,

AND ALL OTHER ARTICLES USUALLY KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE.

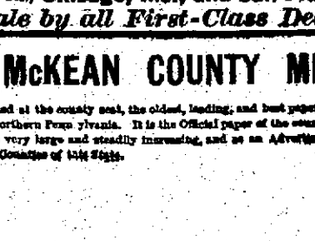
Stationery, Envelopes, Etc.

ALL SO[illegible] BOTTOM PRICES!

TOBACCO[illegible] LIQUORS, Etc.

J. DIGEL'S MARBLE FACTORY,

Water Street. Smethport, Pa.



ALL KINDS OF

Monumental, Marble and Stone Work Done to Order.

FREE A VALUABLE INVENTION.

THE WORLD RENOWNED

WILSON SEWING MACHINE

In workmanship is equal to a Chronometer Watch, and as elegantly finished as a first-class Piano. It received the highest awards at the Vienna and Centennial Expositions. IT SEWS ONE-FOURTH FASTER than other machines. Its capacity is unlimited. There are more WILSON MACHINES sold in the United States than the combined sales of all the others. The WILSON MENDING ATTACHMENT for doing all kinds of repairing, WITHOUT PATCHING, given FREE with each machine.

AGENTS WANTED. WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO.

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For Sale by all First-Class Dealers.

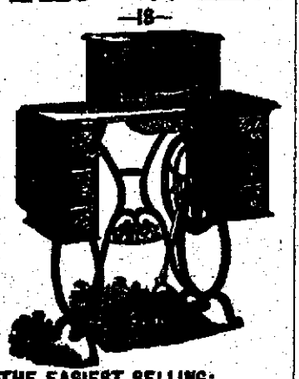
THE McKEAN COUNTY MINER

Is the only paper published at the county seat, the oldest, leading, and best paper in the county, one of the Pioneer Journals of Northern Pennsylvania. It is the Official paper of the county and the Republican Party. Its circulation is very large and steadily increasing, and as an Advertising Medium is hereby superior in the Northern Counties of this State.

Miscellaneous.

The White

—IS—



THE EASIEST SELLING;

THE BEST SATISFYING

Sewing Machine.

Its introduction and world-renowned reputation was the death-blow to high-priced machines.

THERE ARE NO SECOND HAND WHITE MACHINES IN THE MARKET.

This is a very important matter, as it is a well-known and undisputed fact that many of the so-called first-class machines which are offered as cheap second-hand are those that have been repossessed (that is, taken back from customers after use) and rebuilt and palmed on the market as new.

THE WHITE IS THE PEER OF ANY SEWING MACHINE NOW UPON THE MARKET.

IT IS MUCH LARGER THAN THE FAMILY MACHINES OF THE SINGER, HOWE AND WEED MAKE.

IT COSTS MORE TO MANUFACTURE THAN EITHER OF THE AFORESAID MACHINES.

ITS CONSTRUCTION IS SIMPLE, POSITIVE AND DURABLE.

ITS WORKMANSHIP IS UNSURPASSED.

Do not Buy any other before trying THE WHITE.

Prices and Terms Made Satisfactory.

AGENTS WANTED!

White Sewing Machine Co.,

CLEVELAND, O.

Important to Horse Breeders.

The subscriber would respectfully announce to the owners and breeders of horses of McKean county, that the celebrated

INBRED STALLION,

Hambletonian Prince, Jr.,

is now in charge of Mr. C. F. Adams, and will make the season of 1878 in Smethport and vicinity, as advertised by handbills.

All admirers of well bred stock are respectfully invited to examine this horse, or his stock, on the farms of

ERASTUS CURTIS AND E. F. RICHMOND.

For particulars as to Pedigree, Dates and Terms see large bills, or address

C F ADAMS, Smethport, Pa.

W O CONGDEN, Smethport, Pa. April 11.—14-tf

C. V. CILLIS,

dealer in

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS,

FANCY GOODS, &C.

KANE PA.

MRS. J. R. SHOEMAKER,

TEACHER OF

Instrumental & Vocal Music

In all its branches, including THOROUGH BASS

Having an experience of many years as a musical instructor she feels safe in assuring entire satisfaction.

TERMS—$10 per term of 24 lessons

Miscellaneous.

M. A. SPRAGUE,

—DEALER IN—

HARDWARE

STOVES, PAINTS, OILS, &c.

THE FOLLOWING LIST COMPRISES SOME OF THE MANY ARTICLES CONSTANTLY ON HAND:

Adzes, Axes, Augers, Auger Bits, Awls, Axle Clips, Axle Grease, Apple Parers, Barndoor Hinges, Barndoor Nails, Barndoor Rollers, Base Knobs, Bath Brick, Bed Castors, Bell Cords, Beef Pounders, Bells, Bench Hooks, Bench Screws, Bevels, Bits, Blacking, Blind Butts, Blind Staples, Bolts of all kinds, Bootjacks, Borax, Boring Machines, Brushes, Buckets, Bull Rings, Butts of all kinds, Candlesticks, Cake Turners, Calipers, Caps, Percussion, Carpet Stretchers, Cartridges, Castors, Catches, Cattle Leaders, Chains of all kinds, Chalk Lines, Chalk, Crayons, Chisels of all kinds, Clamps, Cleavers, Clothes Lines, Clothes Wringers, Coal Hods, Coffee Mills, Corn Cutters, Corn Poppers, Crowbars, Currycombs, Curtain Pins, Cutlery, Dippers, Dividers, Dog Collars, Draw Shaves, Egg Beaters, Expansive Bits, Faucets, Fellos Plates, Files, Fluting Machines, Forks of all kinds, Freezers, Fry Pans, Gate Hinges, Gauges, Gimlets, Glazier's Point, Glue, Glue Pots, Grain Sickles, Gridirons, Gunpowder, Grindstones, Gun Nipples, Hammers, Hand Vises, Handles of all kinds, Hasps and Staples, Hatchets, Hay Knives, Hinges of all kinds, Hoes, Hooks of all kinds, Horse Pokes, Horse Rakes, Horse Hoes, Iron of all kinds—Sad, Pinking, Waffle and Tuyere, Kettles, Keys, Knives, Lamps, Lanterns, Levels, Locks, Mallets, Match Safes, Measuring Tapes, Meat Cutters, Molasses Gates, Mop Sticks, Mouse Traps, Mowing Machines, Nails, Oils, Oilers, Oil Stones, Picks, Picture Nails, Planes, Pulleys, Pumps, Plows, Rakes, Razors, Rivets, Ropes, Rules, Safety Fuse, Sandpaper, Saucepans, Saws of all kinds, Scissors, Scoops—Coal and Grain, Screwdrivers, Screws, Scythes, Sheep Shears, Shot, Shovels, Sieves, Spades, Spoons, Squares, Stoves, Tacks, Tea Kettles, Tobacco Boxes, Toe Calks, Tongs, Trowels, Tinware of all kinds, Vises, Varnish, Wad Cutters, Washers, Whiffletree Hooks, White Lead, Wrenches, Monkey, Wheelbarrows, etc.

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